# The Pyongyang Times

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Premier Kim Il Sung meets the government delegation of the People's Republic of South Yemen

## Premier KIM IL SUNG Receives Govt Del. of People's Republic of South Yemen

Premier Kim Il Sung received on July 27 the government delegation of the People's Republic of South Yemen now staying in our country.

Present on the occasion were the delegation leader Ahmed Salih Al-Shael, Minister for Agriculture and Agrarian Reform of the People's Republic of South Yemen, and the delegation members Mohamad Awad Ba-Amer, director of the agricultural department of the Ministry for Agriculture and Agrarian Reform; Faraj Saeed Bin Ghanem, director of the import department of the Ministry of Finances; and Shihab Mohamed Abdue Ghanem, senior engineer of electric machine of the Ministry of Transport.

Also present were Choi Yong Kun, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly, Li Ju Yon, Vice-Premier and Kim Man Gum, Chairman of the Agricultural Commission.

Premier Kim Il Sung had a friendly talk with the guests.

On the same day Premier Kim Il Sung gave a luncheon for the visiting government delegation of the People's Republic of South Yemen.

The luncheon proceeded in a friendly atmosphere from beginning to end.

## Comrade KIM IL SUNG Sends a Telegram to President HO CHI MINH

**Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent on July 22 a telegram to Comrade Ho Chi Minh, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Vietnam Workers' Party and President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, supporting the stand of the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam clarified in the appeal issued on July 20 on the occasion of the 14th anniversary of the signing of the Geneva Agreements on Vietnam and expressing militant solidarity with the fighting Vietnamese people.**

**Follows the full text of the telegram:**

Hanoi

### Comrade HO CHI MINH

**Chairman of the Central Committee of the Vietnam Workers' Party and President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam**

Esteemed Comrade President,

On the occasion of the 14th anniversary of the signing of the Geneva Agreements on Vietnam, you addressed an appeal to the entire Vietnamese people and fighters on July 20 and once again manifested the firm determination of the 31 million North and South Vietnamese people to fight to the end against and win over the U.S. imperialist aggressors in defence of independence and freedom, braving all sorts of difficulties and sacrifices.

I, in the name of the Government of the Democrtic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people, fully support the stand of the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam manifested in your appeal and express militant solidarity with the fighting Vietnamese people.

Since the signing of the 1954 Geneva Agreements recognizing the independence, sovereignty, unity and territorial integrity of the Vietnamese people, the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam has consistently and strictly abided by them and resolutely fought for the implementation of the basic principles stipulated in the agreements.

But, the U.S. imperialist aggressors, from right after the signing of the Geneva Agreements, wantonly sabotaged and violated them, rigged up the puppet regime in South Vietnam and unleashed the aggressive war against the Vietnamese people with the aim of perpetuating the split of Vietnam and turning South Vietnam into their colony, into the military base for aggression.

Despite the repeated, heavy defeats they sustained in face of the heroic war of resistance of the Vietnamese people, the U.S. imperialist aggressors continue to scheme maliciously to expand the flames of the war, bringing a large number of armed forces into South Vietnam and intensifying the bombing of North Vietnam.

The U.S. imperialists are now resorting to all sorts of shameless machinations at the talks with the delegate of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam for covering up their scheme for war escalation and misleading world public opinion.

But, with nothing can the U.S. imperialists attain their aggressive aim.

Today, the North and South Vietnamese people are winning brilliant victory, inflicting heavy military and political defeats in succession on the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

I take this opportunity to extend fervent congratulations to the Vietnamese people on their heroic exploits in the just struggle for national salvation against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

The struggle of the Vietnamese people against U.S. imperialism for national salvation is a struggle not only for defending the independence and freedom of their fatherland, but for safeguarding the socialist countries and defending peace in Asia and the world.

The Vietnam question should be settled by the Vietnamese people themselves on the basis of the four-point stand of the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and the political programme of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation.

The U.S. imperialists must stop immediately and unconditionally the bombing and all other acts of war against the whole territory of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and pull out of South Vietnam without delay, taking their aggressor troops and the troops of their satellite countries and puppets.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will do everything possible in the future, too, to render active support and assistance to the brotherly Vietnamese people in their struggle and are fully prepared to fight shoulder to shoulder with the Vietnamese people at any time requested by the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

The world revolutionary people will break the life-line of imperialism and bring doom to U.S. imperialism in the end by waging a powerful struggle against U.S. imperialism, the common enemy, in Asia, Africa, Latin America and in all other parts of the world.

Convinced that the Vietnamese people who are enjoying the active support and assistance of the progressive people of the whole world will certainly defend the North, liberate the South and achieve the reunification of the country, I wish the Vietnamese people fresh victory in the heroic war of resistance against U.S. imperialism and for national salvation.

With comradely greetings.

### KIM IL SUNG

**General Secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea**

**Pyongyang, July 22, 1968**

## TELEGRAMS

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the D.P.R.K. Supreme People's Assembly, received a telegram from Comrade **Y. Tsedenbal**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the People's Revolutionary Party of Mongolia and Chairman of the Council of Ministers, and Comrade **Z. Sambu**, President of the Presidium of the Grand People's Hural, in reply to their telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 47th anniversary of the Mongolian People's Revolution.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet, received a telegram from Comrade **Walter Ulbricht**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the German Socialist Unity Party and President of the State Council of the German Democratic Republic, in reply to his telegram of greetings sent on the latter's 75th birthday.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet sent a telegram to **Amilcar Cabral**, General Secretary of the African Independence Party of Portuguese Guinea and Cape Verde Islands, in reply to the latter's telegram sent on the occasion of the "Month of joint struggle for the immediate withdrawal of U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea."

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the D.P.R.K. Supreme People's Assembly, sent a telegram of greetings to Comrade **Wladyslaw Gomulka**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party; Marshal of Poland Comrade **Marian Spychalski**, President of the State Council of the Polish People's Republic, and Comrade **Josef Cyrankiewicz**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the P.P.R., on the occasion of the 24th anniversary of the resurrection of Poland.

## TELEGRAMS

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet sent a telegram of greetings to **Gamal Abdel Nasser**, President of the United Arab Republic, on the occasion of the 16th anniversary of the July 23 revolution, the national holiday of the U.A.R.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet sent a telegram of greetings to **William Vacanarat Shadrach Tubman**, President of the Republic of Liberia, on the occasion of the independence day of Liberia.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet sent a telegram of greetings to **Mohamed Farid Didi** the First, Sultan of the Maldive Islands, on the occasion of the independence day of the Maldive Islands.

**Telegrams of greetings are coming from leaders of many countries to Premier Kim Il Sung of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet and President Choi Yong Kun of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.**

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet received a telegram of greetings from **Modibo Keita**, President of the Republic of Mali, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet received a telegram of greetings from President **Ahmed Sekou Toure** of the Republic of Guinea on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet, received a telegram of greetings from Comrade **Ho Chi Minh**, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, and Comrade **Pham Van Dong**, Premier of the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the D.P.R.K. Supreme People's Assembly, received a telegram of greetings from Lawyer **Nguyen Huu Tho**, President of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet, received a telegram of greetings from **Todor Zhivkov**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Bulgarian People's Republic, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the D.P.R.K. Cabinet received a telegram of greetings from Dr. **Nureddin Attassi**, Head of State of the Syrian Arab Republic, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

# Entire Progressive People of the World Highly Praise Brilliant Life and Activities of Mrs. Kang Ban Sok

**Various countries of the world are highly appreciating the brilliant life and activities of Mrs. Kang Ban Sok, Korea's mother, who was the wife of a revolutionary and an anti-Japanese woman revolutionary fighter, fought devoting her all for the independence of the country and bore and brought up her son Marshal Kim Il Sung into the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.**

**OGUMST BIPENDOU, Executive Member of the Youth Department of the National Revolution Movement of the Congo(B), said:**

Mrs. Kang Ban Sok was a great revolutionary and the great mother who bore and brought up her son Comrade Kim Il Sung into the respected and beloved Leader of the Korean people. The country's liberation and prosperity Mrs. Kang Ban Sok had so much longed for have been accomplished by Comrade Kim Il Sung who had unfolded an arduous revolutionary struggle from his early years. Under his outstanding leadership the Korean people repulsed the armed invasion by U.S. imperialism, have come to possess the developed economy as we see today and built a socialist state powerful enough to cope with any aggression by U.S. imperialism, overcoming hardships of all descriptions after the war.

The Ceylonese paper **Daily Mirror** carried respectfully a portrait of Mrs. Kang Ban Sok together with an article entitled "Wife of a Revolutionary and Mother of a Revolutionary."

The paper wrote under the portrait: "Mother of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people."

Introducing in detail the brilliant life and activities of Mrs. Kang Ban Sok, the daily stressed that the whole life of Mother Kang Ban Sok was the life of the greatest mother who bore and brought up her son into the Leader of the 40 million Korean people and also the life of an ardent revolutionary fighter who not only devoted her all for her husband, a revolutionary, and for her son, a revolutionary, but traversed herself the thorny path of revolution.

A Pakistani paper **Leader** respectfully carried the portraits of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and Mrs. Kang Ban Sok, together with an article introducing her life and activities. The paper emphasized that the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people Premier Kim Il Sung was born into a revolutionary family and his father was a fighter for the rights of the people. Then it introduced in detail the life and activities of the mother of Premier Kim Il Sung with sub-titles: "Ardent Patriot," "Eldest Brother," "Strong Will," "Revolutionary Comrades-in-arms," "Noble Character," and "Kind and Tender Heart."

**PULECHI PIDOUN, member of the Cambodia-Korea Friendship Society,** made public an article headlined "To Women of Korea" on the occasion of the 76th anniversary of the birth of Mrs. Kang Ban Sok which fell on April 21.

The author remarked that he saw the documentary "Mrs. Kang Ban Sok, Our Mother" with great emotion at the Embassy of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in Cambodia and stressed:

Her life was an uncommon life replete with self-sacrifice, consistent struggle and devotion and the life of a fine wife and an ideal mother.

She bore and brought up her son into the great Leader whom we all adore and who takes the destiny of the Korean people upon himself.

All women following after her brilliant example must make a contribution to converting this world into a world promising a humanitarian, happy and bright future.

Though she passed away, she left a deep impression upon the entire Korean people and is alive in their hearts.

Mrs. Kang Ban Sok is not only the mother of Premier Kim Il Sung but also the mother of the entire Korean people.

**WANSTANTA, Permanent Secretary of the Women Affairs Committee of the Sudanese Union of Mali,** said as follows:

Mrs. Kang Ban Sok is a model for the Mali women and women of Asia and Africa and all the progressive women of the world who love peace. We will copy after the example of such revolutionary and progressive mother as Mrs. Kang Ban Sok in the struggle for building a new society.

**CHANDRA GUNASEKERA, a Ceylonese public figure,** remarked as follows:

Mrs. Kang Ban Sok not only brought up her sons into ardent revolutionaries but put her heart and soul into the revolutionary movement and staunchly fought for the country's independence and devoted herself to the struggle for the emancipation of the women.

Mrs. Kang Ban Sok resisting the Japanese imperialist police

# The C.C. of the Workers' Party of Korea and the D.P.R.K. Cabinet Send

# Congratulatory Message

## To the Factory Where Comrade Kim Jae Hung Works

On July 19 the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a congratulatory message to the workers, technicians and office workers at the factory where comrade Kim Jae Hung works, who had made a great contribution to economic construction and defence upbuilding by manufacturing more machine tools of different types including large-sized ones, upholding the Party's revolutionary line of stepping up economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel put forth by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in his report at the historic Party Conference and the great "Ten Point Political Programme of the Government of the Republic.

The message pointed out that in the past period the factory's workers, technicians and office workers, deeply aware of the revolutionary duty assigned to them in the struggle for carrying out the instructions of Comrade Kim Il Sung on developing the machine-building industry, had performed brilliant labour exploits in producing in a matter of only two months heavy precision machine tools which had been estimated to take over one year, devoting all their energies and wisdom, and thus greatly contributed to increasing the economic and defence potentials of the country. The message said that they fulfilled their first half year plan one month ahead of schedule and successfully implemented the teachings of the Leader on turning out machine tools in large quantities, by firmly arming themselves with the unitary ideology of the Party and promoting the mass technical innovation movement, shattering various hues of passivism, conservatism and mystification about technique under the revolutionary banner of self-reliance in this way, the message stressed, they have not only manufactured with their own efforts and technique all kinds of machine tools urgently needed for propelling the technical revolution in the country and reinforcing the defence capacity but exported a number of machines to many countries, thereby demonstrating the great vitality of the Party's line of building an independent national economy, an embodiment of the idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Their great results and labour exploits are a manifestation of the infinite loyalty to the Party and Leader shown by them who always carry out to the end the revolutionary task given by the Party and the Leader, even going through fire and water in any adversity and a demonstration of the unyielding revolutionary spirit and militant qualities of the heroic Korean working class which is making continued innovation and uninterrupted advance to expedite the accomplishment of the revolutionary cause of the unification of the fatherland, the message pointed out.

In conclusion the message expressed the firm belief that they, united closely around the Party Central Committee and the Government of the Republic headed by the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung, would register greater results in the struggle for executing the Party's revolutionary line of pushing forward economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors fell on their knees before the heroic Korean people and the People's Army. The voices of the victorious fighters shouting "Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" echoed over the heights

# Myth of U.S. Imperialists' "Mightiness" Exploded

Jon Mun Wuk

(Continued from our previous issue No. 33)

As the enemy retreating in the direction of Kumsan was wiped out by our combatants, the remnants in the city of Taejon tried hurriedly to escape along the road linking Taejon with Taegu (and Pusan). But the road, too, was already blocked by the First and Third Battalions of the 18th Guard Infantry Regiment.

The combatants of the company to which Hero of the D.P.R.K. Kim Taek Jin belonged poured revengeful bullets over the enemy all at once when the enemy marching column came within the range of ambuscade.

In a moment the enemy's tank in the lead and trucks were wrapped in flames.

The combatants of the squad led by Hero of the D.P.R.K. Ju Jong Dae who had been lying in ambush in Paim-dong made a surprise attack on the enemy tanks and trucks, thus throwing the enemy into utter confusion.

In that surprise attack Li Chang Hae creditably carried out his task living up to the noble honour of a Party member, he pledged at the open Party cell meeting.

When he saw an enemy tank struggling to open a road, he boldly pressed upon the enemy tank with an anti-tank grenade in his hand and destroyed it then and there.

As the tank in the lead was wrapped in flames, the column of enemy tanks which followed it came to a halt. In order not to miss the capital chance, the storming party members closed in upon tanks like agile tigers and showered grenades over the tanks. Fierce flames again erupted on all sides.

They destroyed in that battle three tanks, one armourd car, over 60 trucks, killed and wounded more than 400 officers and men, and captured some 60 various guns.

When I received the information of the battle result through wireless, I shouted for joy in spite of myself.

Meanwhile the combined units which were attacking from the front and flanks gradually closed the encircling ring around Taejon. Street fighting took place in places.

Our tanks, while furiously charging in upon the central part of the city of Taejon, dealt a heavy blow to the enemy through powerful shelling and bold charge.

Especially, tank No. 418 distinguished itself.

This tank that advanced in the direction of the railway station destroyed a locomotive oil tank and hit the fleeing enemy in the back.

Our combatants who advanced in front of the "provincial hospital" turned surprise concentrated fire on the enemies who were loading hundreds of trucks with military supplies. Panic-stricken, the enemies made desperate efforts to ensure their retreat, creating smoke screen and setting fire to major buildings with flamethrowers.

However, no frenzied attempt could help the enemy to slip through our perfect encirclement.

In order to save the 24th Division of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army from complete encirclement in Taejon, the U.S. imperialist aggressors immediately dispatched to Taejon their 25th Division that landed in Pusan and their First Cavalry Division that landed in Pohang, but our combined units crushed the encircled enemy mercilessly, giving the enemy no time to come close to Taejon, according to the far-sighted operational plan drawn up by the Supreme Command.

In this way the 24th Division of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army that boasted of being an "ever-victorious division knowing no defeat" throughout its history of aggression suffered in the Korean war an irrevocably ignominious defeat for the first time in its history. This discouraged the military experts of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army and homicidal generals of U.S. imperialism. It threw the U.S. imperialist mercenaries into extreme anxiety and terror.

What high mobility and promptitude were employed in the battle of liberating Taejon can be graphically proved by the disgraceful end of Dean, Commander of the 24th Division of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army.

You can imagine how flurried Dean was! He was captured in the area of Pyangwon-ri village while trying to escape in a soldier's uniform after failing to make a getaway by plane.

The looks of Dean at the time of his capture clearly revealed what the end of an aggressor was like.

The deep-set fishy eyes beneath his drooping eyelids betrayed his fear and despair.

That was the ignominious fate in the Korean war of human-butchers of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, who viciously attacked the northern half of the Republic with an eye to swallowing it up at a gulp.

Our brilliant victory in the operation of liberating Taejon substantiated clearly the wisdom of the outstanding strategical and operational line of Supreme Commander Marshal Kim Il Sung, ever-victorious iron-willed genius-commander and brilliant military strategist.

Especially in the course of this battle our People's Army set an excellent example of modern encircling operation by correctly combining diverse forms of battle such as the detour of the front, flanks and rear and pincers in close concert of various arms and thereby dealing a crushing blow to the enemy.

Through the operation of liberating Taejon, we also laid bare fully the backwardness of military art of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army that bragged the "technical almightiness" and the reckless wild fancy of U.S. imperialism which clamoured that the U.S. imperialist aggressor army's appearance in the Korean war would radically change the war situation.

Through the whole course of the operation of liberating Taejon our People's Armymen who inherited the glorious revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle led by Marshal Kim Il Sung performed great exploits that will add lustre to the history of the fatherland by displaying peerless bravery and mass heroism.

In that period our People's Army completely enveloped and smashed the 24th Division of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, dealt a crushing blow to the First and Second Army Corps of the puppet army, killed, injured and took prisoner over 32,000 men and officers of the enemy, and captured or destroyed over 220 various guns, over 20 tanks, over 4,100 rifles, over 940 machineguns, and over 1,300 trucks.

* * *

Long years have elapsed since then.

Raising high the revolutionary banner of self-reliance under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, our people, displaying the same spirit in which they crushed the Yankee devils, healed the war wounds in the shortest possible span of time and built the northern half of the Republic into a socialist fatherland with the firm foundations of a powerful independent national economy.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors, far from drawing a lesson from their ignominious defeat in the Korean war, are now running riot in their preparations for a new war.

Today we have a great might capable of thwarting any aggressive adventure of the enemy and safeguarding the honour and independence of the fatherland.

Standing in the van of our people are our respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung who always leads the Korean revolution to victory and glory and the invincible Party—the Workers' Party of Korea led by him.

We have the heroic mettle of our people and steel-strong unity of the people closely rallied as one around the Party and the Leader, which are more powerful than any atomic weapons and rockets and which the enemy feels most fearful of.

Thanks to the deep solicitude and constant leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, today our People's Army has grown into a more powerful revolutionary armed force possessing one-hundred-a-hundred fighting power.

Thus, we are prepared not only politically and ideologically but also militarily and technically for winning victory at any time and in whatever situation when the Party and the Leader call us to action.

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors do not draw a lesson from their ignominious defeat in the past Fatherland Liberation War and again start an adventurous aggressive war, our people and the People's Army will wipe out the aggressors to the last man and accomplish the great historic cause of the unification of the fatherland.

(The End)

# Our People and People's Army under Wise Leadership of Comrade KIM IL SUNG Will Surely Drive Out U.S. Imperialist Aggressors from S. Korea and Unify Their Fatherland

## Pyongyang City Meeting Celebrating 15th Anniv. of Victory in Great Fatherland Liberation War Held

A Pyongyang city meeting celebrating the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War was held on July 26 with a large attendance at the Youth Open-air Theatre at the foot of the Moranbong Hill.

Present there were Comrades Kim Il, Pak Sung Chul, Choi Gwang and other responsible cadres of Party and government organs and public organizations and generals of the Korean People's Army.

The meeting place was packed to capacity with crowds.

Invited to the meeting were the members of the government friendship delegation and government economic, scientific and technical cooperation delegation of the Republic of Cuba, the government delegation of the People's Republic of South Yemen, the delegation of the South Vietnam Committee for Asian-African Solidarity and the delegation of the Japan-Korea Association and the delegation members of the Central Liaison Council for Defending the Right to Repatriation and Democratic National Education of the Korean Citizens in Japan which are now on a visit to our country.

Also invited there were diplomatic representatives in Pyongyang.

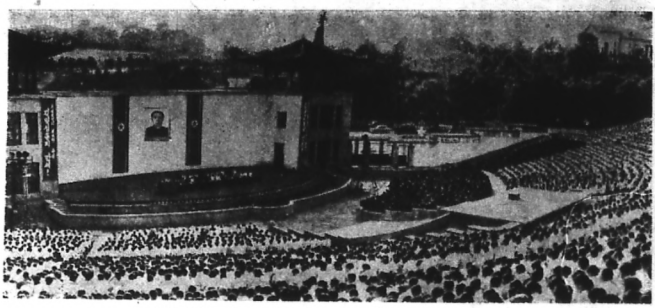
Respectfully hung on the background of the platform was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader. Put up in the meeting place were slogans reading "Long live the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War!" "Let us thoroughly implement the line of the Party on stepping up economic construction and defence building in parallel!" and "Let us wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors and unify the fatherland!"

Comrade General Choi Gwang, Chief of General Staff of the Korean People's Army, made a report at the meeting.

The report retrospecting the brilliant victory won by our people and People's Army in the past three-year arduous Fatherland Liberation War under the wise and outstanding leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, was filled with the infinite happiness and pride of having the great Leader and the great pride in the invincible might of our people and People's Army.

Then the meeting was addressed by head of the government friendship delegation of the Republic of Cuba Major Jesus Montane Oropesa, Minister of Tele-Communications of the Republic of Cuba; head of the government delegation of the People's Republic of South Yemen Ahmed Salih Al-Shaef, Minister for Agriculture and Agrarian Reform of the People's Republic of South Yemen; head of the delegation of the South Vietnam Committee for Asian-African Solidarity Lam Tho, member of the South Vietnam Committee for Asian-African Solidarity and Secretary of its Secretariat; and head of the delegation of the Japan-Korea Association Fumio Togasa, Chief Secretary of the Association.

(For the gist of report and speeches, see pages 5, 6 and 7.)



Pyongyang city meeting was held at the Youth Open-air Theatre on July 26

## In Kaesong

### MEETING OF MAC OF KOREAN PEOPLE'S ARMY CELEBRATING 15th ANNIV. OF VICTORY IN GREAT FATHERLAND LIBERATION WAR HELD

A meeting of the Military Armistice Commission of the Korean People's Army celebrating the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War was held in Kaesong on July 26.

Present at the meeting were General Han Ik Su, Vice-Minister of National Defence, Major General Pak Jung Guk, Senior Member of our side to the Military Armistice Commission, Jong Gyu Hoi, Chief Secretary of the Kaesong City Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Bang Bom Jun, Chairman of the Kaesong City People's Committee, and cadres of the Military Armistice Commission and neighbouring units of the Korean People's Army.

Invited to the meeting were members of the liaison department of the Chinese People's Volunteers to the Military Armistice Commission and Polish and Czechoslovak members of the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission.

At the meeting which was opened with the playing of the "Patriotic Song" a congratulatory banner in the joint name of the C.C. of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Cabinet of the Republic was conveyed to the officers and men of the Military Armistice Commission of the Korean People's Army amid the enthusiastic resounding cheers and applause of all the attendants.

Major General Pak Jung Guk delivered a report at the meeting.

On the same day the Military Armistice Commission arranged a banquet on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the victory of the great Fatherland Liberation War.

# Committee for Peaceful Unification of Fatherland Issues Statement

### The Entire Korean People Resolutely Condemn the U.S. Imperialist Aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi Fascist Brigands Who Are Harshly Suppressing and Murdering South Korean Patriots

The Committee for the Peaceful Unification of the Fatherland issued on July 15 a statement in denunciation of the crimes of the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who, incessantly bent on the fascist suppression of the South Korean people, have recently again arrested and imprisoned Dr. Kim Dae Su, Professor of the Kyonghuk University, and other South Korean patriots and sentenced them to heavy penal servitude.

The statement denounced such fascist outrages of the U.S. imperialists and Pak Jung Hi clique as an intolerable criminal act of aggression and treachery challenging to justice and patriotism.

Today, the colonial fascist rule of the U.S. imperialists in South Korea compels the South Korean people to raise higher the banner of the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle, the statement stressed.

Referring to the fact that today South Korea has been turned into a complete colony of the U.S. imperialists, their military base, into a living hell where terror, murder, starvation and poverty prevail and into a large prison without iron bars, the statement declared: That is why the South Korean people are today coming out resolutely in the struggle against the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists and for the democratic development of the South Korean society and the independent unification of the country.

The statement said:

The activity of the Dr. Kim Dae Su and other South Korean patriots is also a link in the chains of such anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle of the entire South Korean people for freedom and liberation.

It can not be "crime" nor can it be object of the fascist suppression. It is an entirely just patriotic struggle which deserves praise and respect.

This notwithstanding, the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi military fascist clique perpetrated the atrocious outrages of sentencing Dr. Kim Dae Su to life imprisonment and other patriots to heavy penal servitude of various terms up to 15 years under the notorious "national security law" and "anti-communist law," pointed out the statement.

Recalling the barbarous outrages of the U.S. imperialists and Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who fabricated the so-called "case of the operative group for communizing South Korea," the case of the people's revolutionary party and other cases to sentence a large number of patriots to capital punishment and heavy penal servitude and sentenced even members of the society for comparative study of nationalism, a pure academic organization, to capital punishment and heavy penal servitude, the statement branded these scoundrels, the fascist hangmen, as the most heinous enemy of the people.

The statement went on:

The Committee for the Peaceful Unification of the Fatherland, in the name of the entire Korean people, resolutely condemns with surging national indignation the thrice-cursed criminal acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi fascist brigands who are harshly suppressing and murdering South Korean patriots including Dr. Kim Dae Su.

As Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said: "**Where there are exploitation and oppression, there always breaks out the revolutionary struggle of the people.**"

Today, the South Korean people are unfolding vigorous struggles of various forms including an armed guerrilla struggle in towns and country, underground and in mountains, along the road of the South Korean revolution illumined by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The statement called upon the South Korean people to launch a more vigorous struggle to sweep away the American imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique, establish a genuine people's power and achieve the independent unification of the fatherland, and at the same time, to fight energetically for the immediate release of Dr. Kim Dae Su and all other patriots arrested or imprisoned by the enemy.

The statement stressed in conclusion:

Invincible is the struggle of the South Korean people.

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique continue to put behind bars Dr. Kim Dae Su and other patriots in South Korea and commit the reckless fascist suppression of them, the scoundrels will be unable to escape the stronger condemnation and one hundred-fold one thousand-fold revenge by the Korean people and the world people.

Meanwhile, the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea and the Korean Students' Committee issued a joint statement on July 18. There were also meetings at Kim Il Sung University and other colleges in Pyongyang and localities. The joint statement and meetings denounced the fascist suppression by the American imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, and called upon the South Korean people and youth and students to come out more resolutely in the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle, for the release of the patriots, democratization of society and the independent unification of the fatherland.

# Invincible Are Korean People Fighting for Just Cause under Seasoned Marxist-Leninist Leadership of Comrade KIM IL SUNG

## Report of Comrade General Choi Gwang,

**CHIEF OF GENERAL STAFF OF KOREAN PEOPLE'S ARMY,**

## Delivered at Pyongyang City Meeting in Celebration of 15th Anniversary of Victory in Great Fatherland Liberation War

**(Gist)**

Comrade General Choi Gwang, Chief of General Staff of the Korean People's Army, made a report at the Pyongyang city meeting celebrating the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

The reporter said:

It is a historic victory won by the Korean people and People's Army that they forced the U.S. imperialists boasting of being the "strongest" in the world to sign the Armistice Agreement, recognizing their defeat for the first time in their history of aggression and bending their knees before the Korean people.

Under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, our people and People's Army valiantly defended with honour the freedom and independence of the fatherland and the gains of the revolution and contributed to safeguarding the socialist camp and defending peace in Asia and the world by heroically fighting against the U.S. imperialist armed invaders.

The U.S. imperialists unleashed on June 25, 1950, the criminal war of aggression with the vicious aim of occupying the whole of Korea, enslaving the Korean people and, furthermore, expanding the flames of the war to the Asian continent, Comrade Choi Gwang remarked, and went on:

The U.S. imperialists hurled into the Korean front one-third of their ground force, one-fifth of their air force and main force of their "Pacific fleet," equipped with up-to-date weapons and technique, troops of their 15 satellite countries and South Korean puppet troops, over 2 million strong in all and a huge amount of combat and technical equipment and materials and desperately tried to subdue our people, employing all the atrocious and barbarous methods, whose precedent can not be found in the history.

In the grim days when the danger befell the fatherland, the entire people and People's Army rallied round the Party and the Leader rose up in the just war against the invaders and devoted their all to the heroic struggle for the victory of the war, upholding the outstanding strategic and operational line of Comrade Kim Il Sung, Supreme Commander.

Our People's Army frustrated at once the surprise armed attack of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and liberated Seoul only three days after going over to the powerful counter-attack on all fronts and encircled and annihilated in Taejon the 24th Division of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army which boasted of being the so-called "ever-victorious division knowing no defeat."

In the hard-fought battles with the numerically superior U.S. imperialist air pirates, our valorous airmen shot down or destroyed large numbers of up-to-date bombers and fighters, and our navymen made such miraculous exploits as sinking a cruiser of the U.S. imperialists only with 4 torpedo-boats.

The People's Army units which advanced to the front of the Rakdong River, breaking through the dogged resistance of the enemy, dealt heavy blows to the invaders by valorously fighting to the last, not yielding even under the showers of bombs and shells of the enemy.

Recalling the facts that our heroic fighters displayed the lofty spirit of self-sacrifice and indomitable revolutionary spirit to defend the Party Central Committee headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the heart and brains of the Korean revolution, and safeguard the gains of our revolution, the reporter said:

High and low hills and mountains, numerous villages of our fatherland are associated with the heroic exploits the People's Army fighters made in their fight to defend with their blood every inch of the soil of the fatherland, whole-heartedly upholding the orders of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Supreme Commander.

He referred to the facts that the entire people, together with the People's Army, heroically fought during the Fatherland Liberation War. He went on:

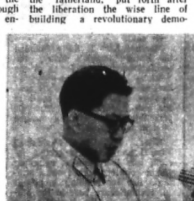
Indeed, throughout the period of the war, the front and rear, the army and people, valorously fought in one body and one mind to break through the danger that befell the fatherland. The matchless patriotic devotion and mass heroism displayed by the fighters of the People's Army and people in the Fatherland Liberation War will powerfully inspire our people to the heroic struggle down through generations to come and their exploits will shine forever in the annals of the history of the fatherland.

During the three years of war, the enemy had over 1,093,000 troops killed, wounded or captured, more than 397,000 U.S. troops included, and lost a huge amount of combat and technical equipment and materials including more than 12,000 aircraft and over 500 naval vessels. The U.S. imperialists sustained not only military defeat but also irretrievable political and moral defeat in the Korean war.

Referring to the factors of the victory of our people in the Fatherland Liberation War Comrade Choi Gwang said:

The historic victory of our people and People's Army in the Fatherland Liberation War was a brilliant victory of the outstanding leadership and brilliant strategic and operational line of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great military strategist and ever-victorious iron-willed genius-commander, and a brilliant fruition of his revolutionary military ideas.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our people, who personally organized and led the anti-Japanese armed struggle in the darkest period of the Japanese imperialist rule, thereby eventually bringing us the historic victory of the liberation of the fatherland, put forth after the liberation the wise line of building a revolutionary democratic base in the northern half of the Republic with a scientific insight into the obtaining situation of the country and the prospect for the development of our revolution and skillfully guided its implementation.



Comrade Kim Il Sung, while strengthening the revolutionary democratic base politically and economically, founded the Korean People's Army, the direct successor to the anti-Japanese armed struggle and revolutionary armed forces of the Workers' Party of Korea, to defend the people's power and the gains of the revolution won at the cost of blood and reared it into powerful regular revolutionary armed forces.

During the grim period of the war, Comrade Kim Il Sung as Chairman of the Military Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Supreme Commander of the Korean People's Army organized and mobilized the whole Party, entire people and officers and men of the People's Army to the victory of the war and personally ensured all the victories and successes on the front and in the rear, taking upon himself the destiny of the fatherland and the nation.

Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth the brilliant strategic and tactical line in each stage of the war and skillfully guided its implementation, while steadily strengthening the might of our People's Army.

Instructing us to thoroughly establish *Juche* in the military field, Comrade Kim Il Sung personally organized and guided the work for improving the weapons and equipment and increasing the fire power and manoeuverability of the units in conformity with our actual conditions and led the People's Army to victory by creating original fighting forms and methods.

Our People's Army drove the enemy into a tight corner and smashed to pieces the "technical superiority" of the enemy by widely introducing fighting forms and methods suited to the military and geographical characters of our country and our arms and equipment, such as tunnel warfare, night warfare, storming warfare, the aircraft hunters' team movement and so on, which were all personally initiated by Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The outstanding military strategy and tactics of Comrade Kim Il Sung which were created as early as the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and whose great vitality was proved in the Fatherland Liberation War further developed and enriched the Marxist-Leninist military science and the military art of the revolutionary army.

This is the valuable assets in the development of our military art.

The invincible might of our people and People's Army lies in the fact that they have inherited the glorious revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the reporter said, and emphasized:

The brilliant revolutionary traditions established in the 15-year arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle guided by Comrade Kim Il Sung are the root of our revolution and the source of inexhaustible might.

Touching upon the brilliant revolutionary traditions established in this period, the reporter stressed:

The revolutionary spirit and lofty traits such as infinite loyalty to the Leader, revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and indomitable fighting spirit, and unity between the superiors and inferiors and between the army and people and the valuable experiences accumulated by them in their fight in which they beat a large number of enemy force with small number of force and defeated with inferior weapons the enemy armed with modern weapons, instilled into the officers and men of the People's Army confidence in ultimate victory, indomitable fighting spirit and resourcefulness.

The courage and mass heroism displayed by the officers and men of our People's Army were also based on the deep conviction of the justness of the cause of their fight, he added.

Underscoring the historic significance of the victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, the reporter continued: The victory won by our people in the Fatherland Liberation War proved that a people and army, who, taking their destinies in their hands under the leadership of a great Leader, wage a life-and-death struggle for freedom, independence and progress will be conquered by no imperialist force of aggression, and they will surely triumph.

As Comrade Kim Il Sung said, "In the Korean war, the U.S. imperialists suffered a miserable military defeat for the first time in the history of the United States, and this meant the beginning of a downhill turn for U.S. imperialism."

With the Korean war as an occasion, the national-liberation struggle against the aggression and colonial rule of the imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism swiftly gained momentum in Asia, Africa and Latin America and all other parts of the world and the colonial system of imperialism is disintegrating beyond control.

Noting that through the three-year war our Party and people and People's Army were further steeled and grew stronger and came to have firmer conviction of the victory of our just cause, the reporter pointed to the fact that our People's Army has become an invincible revolutionary ranks with tens of thousands of revolutionary pivots tempered in the Fatherland Liberation War along with the anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters.

Our people, upholding the policy of our Party in which the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism was creatively applied and developed in conformity with the actual conditions of our country, waged a heroic labour struggle and thus rapidly healed the war wounds and have won a great victory in the socialist revolution and socialist construction, the reporter remarked, and continued:

With the socialist relations of production coming to hold undivided sway in the urban and rural areas in our country under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sources of exploitation and oppression have been liquidated once and for all and with the thorough embodiment of the idea of *Juche* and the revolutionary principle of independence and self-sustenance, brilliant successes have been registered in all spheres of politics, economy, culture and military affairs.

The military line of the Party whose basic content is to train the whole army into a cadre army, modernize the whole army and place the entire people under arms and convert the whole country into a fortress has been successfully pushed through, with the result that our defence capacity has been strengthened as firm as an iron wall.

Recalling that our Party and the Government of the Republic have made every sincere effort to turn the armistice into a durable peace and accomplish the independent unification of the fatherland, the reporter stated: It is the basic principle consistently upheld by our Party and the Government of the Republic to realize the unification of the fatherland by the Korean people themselves on a democratic basis free from any outside interference.

(Continued on Page 6)

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Pointing to the fact that the U.S. imperialist aggressors are pursuing the policy of turning South Korea into a colony and military base and going insane in their preparations for a new war of aggression against our people and even drawing in the aggressive forces of Japanese militarism, the reporter noted: The new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists in Korea have reached the extremity particularly following the incident of the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo."

Referring to the incident of the "Pueblo," he declared:

The U.S. imperialists will never get the crew sent back unless they apologize for the crimes of the crew of the "Pueblo" which infiltrated into the territorial waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and conducted espionage and hostile acts and give an assurance that they will not commit such crime again in the future.

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors, acting arrogantly, continue to cling to their unwarranted stand and persist in their indiscreet machinations, they will get nothing therefrom, and the crew of the "Pueblo" themselves will have to bear responsibility for the crimes.

Saying that a tense situation has been created in the country, in which a war may break out at any moment, owing to the frienzied war provocation manoeuvrings of the U.S. imperialists, the reporter pointed out:

Peace in Korea is maintained only thanks to the patience and persevering efforts of our Party and our people.

The U.S. imperialists must be aware that there is a limit to our patience, too.

As Comrade Kim Il Sung clarified, "We do not want war, but are never afraid of it. Our people and People's Army will return retaliation for the 'retaliation' of the U.S. imperialists, all-out war for all-out war."

Standing in the van of our revolution is Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed genius-commander who led to victory the arduous struggles against the Japanese imperialists armed to the teeth and against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the ringleader of world reaction, and the great Leader who has converted our country into an advanced, mighty socialist country, leading our people.

Under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung our Party has been further strengthened into a seasoned and tempered, invincible Party capable of withstanding any trials and the political and ideological unity of our people rallied firm as one around the Party and the Leader is unshakable.

The outstanding leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the rock-firm unity of the Party and masses of the people—this is the source of our unbeatable might and the guarantee for all victories.

The Korean People's Army which defeated U.S. imperialism already 15 years ago has further grown and strengthened into a cadre army, each being a match for a hundred, firmly prepared politically, ideologically, militarily and technically, and into modernized and steel-strong revolutionary armed forces.

The system of unitary ideology of the Party is thoroughly established in the army and all the armymen are filled with the firm determination to defend with their lives the Party and the Leader under whatever circumstances and firmly safeguard the socialist fatherland and the revolutionary gains.

Our People's Army with powerful revolutionary pivots is creditably equipped with modern weapons and combat technical material and all the armymen are well versed in their specialized technique.

Our People's Army has made full preparations to smite the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys at one stroke and wipe them out once and for all in this land, if they dare invade us.

Together with the People's Army, the entire armed people are in full preparedness to come out to the struggle against the aggressors and the whole country has been turned into an invulnerable fortress.

The independent national economy that has been built by our people through their indefatigable struggle is mighty enough to meet the material demands of the front and the rear under any difficult situation and with the implementation of the line of the Party on carrying on economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel, the economic and defence potentials of the country have been further reinforced than ever before.

As Comrade Kim Il Sung declared, "We can say with confidence that we have a steel-strong defence power in the northern half of the Republic capable of countering any imperialist aggression."

If the U.S. imperialists aggravate the situation and enkindle an aggressive war in the end, despite our unwillingness, they will meet a heavier defeat and our people and People's Army will wipe out the aggressors to the last man in the territory of our fatherland, liberate the South Korean people and achieve the unification of the fatherland.

The South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people, boundlessly revering Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, are waging in the teeth of the bayonet of the enemy an anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle of all forms including the armed struggle to bring about a glorious day when they will live happily in a unified fatherland under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the reporter pointed out.

The U.S. imperialists will surely be driven out of South Korea and the cause of the unification of our fatherland be accomplished by the united might of the people of North and South Korea, the reporter declared.

The U.S. imperialists who had their nose broken in Korea 15 years ago and were hit hard in Cuba are today being maimed, meted out a heavy punishment by the heroic Vietnamese people, the reporter pointed out, and pointed out: It is the most urgent task of the socialist countries and the revolutionary peoples of the world to always maintain high vigilance against the last kick of the imperialists who are confronted with doom, and raise higher the flames of revolutionary struggle against imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism.

He went on:

All the anti-imperialist forces of the world should form a broad anti-imperialist united front and deal blows to them in succession in all parts and on all fronts where the U.S. imperialists have stretched their aggressive talons to disperse their forces to the maximum and make them not run wild.

If the U.S. imperialists are bound hand and foot and beaten in all parts of the world, they will perish in the end.

It is the basic factor of victory in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle to defend the purity of Marxism-Leninism, strengthen the might of the socialist countries and the solidarity of the revolutionary peoples of the world.

Saying that the present situation demands us to do all work in a more active and revolutionary way and make full preparations to cope with any surprise invasion of the enemy, the reporter pointed in conclusion to the detailed tasks for carrying out the weighty yet honourable revolutionary task confronting us.

# Speech of Major Jesus Montane Oropesa

## Head of Government Friendship Delegation of Republic of Cuba

Addressing the Pyongyang city meeting celebrating the 15th anniversary of the victory of the great Fatherland Liberation War, Major Jesus Montane Oropesa, head of the government friendship delegation of the Republic of Cuba, pointed out that the Korean people were invaded by the most shameless and brigandish U.S. imperialists 18 years ago, but won a world-startling victory by displaying heroism and noble fighting spirit.

He said:

Marshal Kim Il Sung founded the Korean People's Army, the revolutionary armed forces of the Workers' Party of Korea, whose backbone was the revolutionary fighters seasoned and steeled in the anti-Japanese armed struggle personally organized and waged by him in the 1930's.

After liberation Marshal Kim Il Sung, with a correct insight into the situation obtaining in the country, worked out a strategic line on building a powerful revolutionary base in the northern half of the Republic and guided the Korean People's Army unswervingly to victory with his outstanding leadership and brilliant strategy. As a result, the Korean People's Army could decisively smash the criminal armed invasion of U.S. imperialism which started on June 25, 1950.

Referring to the fact that thanks to the heroic struggle of the Korean People's Army, U.S. imperialism sustained a heavy defeat, military, political and moral in its war of aggression on Korea, the speaker stressed: The great victory won by the Korean people in the Fatherland Liberation War was a brilliant victory of the ideas of Juche of Comrade Kim Il Sung in the military domain and a brilliant victory of his strategic and tactical line.

This great victory is of great historic significance which turned a brilliant page of heroism in the annals of history and opened the beginning of the final ruin of the U.S. imperialist aggressors by dealing a military defeat to them for the first time in history, he noted, and stressed: The victory was won by today gave a great inspiration to the revolutionary struggle of the oppressed peoples of the world by showing them that if one is not afraid of turning out to the struggle, he can defeat imperialism.

Denouncing the colonial fascist terror rule enforced by the U.S. imperialists in South Korea, he pointed out that the U.S. imperialists who are reinforcing the puppet regime militarily are introducing various kinds of military equipment including tactical nuclear weapons and guided missiles and military technical personnel into South Korea and setting up and expanding major military establishments for aggression, shamelessly violating the Armistice Agreement which they concluded.

Noting that the war-maniacs have feverishly strengthened a "war-time posture" in the southern half of Korea and embarked upon opposing the northern half of this country, he cited as fresh proof of this the recent intrusion of their armed spy ship "Pueblo" into the territorial waters of Korea.

This was a gangster-like piratic act against a sovereign state and a link in the chain of the premeditated manoeuvrings to unleash a new war in Korea, he declared, and said: We are convinced that if the U.S. imperialists persistently take the road of an adventurous war, they will sustain a heavier and more shameful defeat than that we inflicted upon them.

He stressed that the Cuban people, Cuban Communist Party and Government under the leadership of Comrade Fidel Castro, the respected and beloved Supreme Commander, reaffirm their militant, revolutionary solidarity with the brotherly Korean people, the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government and are resolutely and energetically making preparations to repulse imperialist aggression.

He extended thanks to the Workers' Party of Korea, Government and people for their firm solidarity with the Cuban people.

The speaker went on to say:

In face of the imperialist strategy of splitting small countries and viciously invading the peoples of these countries we should unite on a greater scale for completely wiping out the U.S. imperialists, No. 1 enemy of mankind.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors, the main obstacle to the unification of Korea, must pull out of South Korea forthwith and the so-called "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea" must be dissolved at once.

The "U.N." has no right to meddle in the Korean question.

Cuba which is building socialism only 90 miles away from the imperialist colossus, is well aware of his aggression of various forms and whose people are displaying an indomitable revolutionary spirit along the correct road of Marxism-Leninism, wishes the Korean people new, brilliant successes in the building of socialism and communism on the road illumined by the Ten-Point Political Programme, put forth by Premier Kim Il Sung and in the implementation of the latest line on stepping up economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel.

Referring in detail to the fact that imperialism is wrapped in the flames of the revolutionary struggle in Asia, Africa and Latin America, he continued:

Our people who mark this year the 100th anniversary of the start of the struggle for liberation struggle will assist all the genuine revolutionaries of the world and resolutely carry out their historic duty to be the forefront in the Western Hemisphere. Therefore, we firmly support the Korean people.

We are convinced that under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and Leader of high authority in the international communist movement, the Korean people will drive out the U.S. imperialists and unify the fatherland without fail.

Concluding his speech, the speaker shouted at the top of his voice: "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung! Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung! Long live Korea!"

# Speech of Lam Tho

## Head of Delegation of South Vietnam Committee for Asian-African Solidarity

Lam Tho, head of the delegation of South Vietnam Committee for Asian-African Solidarity, made a speech at the Pyongyang city meeting celebrating the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

He said that during the stay in Korea, the members of the delegation witnessed part of the great exploits unprecedented in the history of the heroic Korean people.

He went on:

All the victories won by the Korean people are a fruition of the outstanding leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and an intimate friend of the Vietnamese people who armed with revolutionary heroism the Korean people and the Korean People's Army who have inherited the glorious revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

The victories won by the Korean people in the past and the victories being won by the Vietnamese people today have proved the truth that the people filled with the determination to fight with the just line can defeat any imperialism including U.S. imperialism.

The heroic Korean people defeated Japanese imperialism which dreamed of the domination of Asia and the world.

Here on this soil of indomitable Korea the U.S. imperialist aggressors, even though backed by their 15 satellite countries, bent their knees for the first time in their history and could not but recognize an occasion of downhill turn and today they are driven into an inescapable abyss in South Vietnam.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors, far from drawing lessons from their miserable defeat in Korea, introduced into South Korea tens of thousands of tons of weapons and war means including nuclear war-heads and rockets and various types of guns in crude violation of the provisions of the Korean Armistice Agreement even before the ink they signed with in the Armistice Agreement dried up, and they embarked upon the road of a new military adventure, building many airfields, naval bases and other military bases.

The U.S. imperialists have opened a road for the Japanese militarists to reinvade South Korea through the conclusion of the "South Korea-Japan treaty," and are using South Korea as a springboard in their Far Eastern aggression and are trying to drive out Japan as a shock brigade by taking up the "Northeast Asia Military Alliance."

Stressing that the U.S. imperialists are the main obstacle to the unification of Korea and a root cause of all misfortunes and tribulations of the Korean people, the Vietnamese people and the world people, he noted: The struggle of the North and South Korean people to drive U.S. imperialism out of South Korea and unify the fatherland is strengthening and developing with each passing day in confrontation with the sinister machinations of the enemy.

The socialist construction is progressing at the speed of thunderclima in the northern half of the Republic under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, he said and continued:

The Korean people could win the great victory, because the Korean people under the outstanding leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung have firmly built up the northern half of the Republic, inheriting the glorious traditions of the anti-Japanese, anti-U.S. struggle.

The South Vietnamese people are deeply touched by the lofty internationalist spirit of the Korean people and the self-reliance and the spirit of independence they are displaying in the socialist construction of the country.

We wish that the Korean people may successfully carry out the tasks set forth in the Ten-Point Political Programme, and rejoice as ever our own over the successes made by the Korean people in the implementation of the Ten-Point Political Programme, he said.

Referring to the fact that the U.S. imperialist aggressors who wantonly sabotaged and violated the Geneva agreements on Vietnam are sustaining one defeat after another in the war of aggression in Vietnam, the speaker noted: The characteristics of the liberation war in Vietnam at the present stage lie in conducting the war in cities and centres of the enemy's bases, liberating the rural villages on the suburbs of cities and pulling down the enemy's dens.

The speaker went on: In his telegram sent to President Ho Chi Minh on July 22, Premier Kim Il Sung once again clarified the stand of the Korean people toward the struggle of the Vietnamese people against U.S. imperialism for national salvation, declaring that "The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will do everything possible in the future, too, to render active support and assistance to the brotherly Vietnamese people in the struggle and are fully prepared to fight shoulder to shoulder with the Vietnamese people at any time requested by the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam."

The South Vietnamese people highly appraise and express thanks for the precious support, encouragement and assistance, a manifestation of the consistent and genuine friendship of the Korean people, the close comradeship-in-arms and kindred brothers in the struggle against U.S. imperialism, the common enemy.

We fully support the stand of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which demands the immediate stop of all the military provocations of the U.S. imperialists against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and holds that the question of Korea's unification must be solved independently on a democratic basis without outside interference, he declared.

He stressed that the U.S. imperialists will be surely driven out of South Korea and South Vietnam and the beloved fatherlands of the Korean people and the Vietnamese people will be certainly unified. He concluded his speech with the following slogans:

"Long live the 'Workers' Party of Korea, the organiser, guider and inspirer of all victories of the Korean people!

"Long live Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and close friend of the South Vietnamese people!"

# Speech of Ahmed Salih Al-Shael

## Head of Government Delegation of People's Republic of South Yemen

Ahmed Salih Al-Shael, head of the government delegation of the People's Republic of South Yemen, made a speech at the Pyongyang city meeting celebrating the 15th anniversary of the victory of the great Fatherland Liberation War. He extended fraternal congratulations and greetings to the Korean people on the 15th anniversary of the victory of the great Fatherland Liberation War in which the Korean people repulsed the invasion of the U.S. imperialist aggressors. He said:

Your history is replete with heroic facts. You showed the world people valuable experiences and set an example of struggle and self-sacrifice to them.

The people of your country won victory, defeating over two million strong armed forces equipped with weapons of new type in the three-year-long arduous war against the forces of destruction and exploitation.

The great victory of the Korean people opened a new era for the Asian, African and Latin American peoples and opened a broad road of hope for them and inspired them to the bloody battle.

Thus, the Asian, African and Latin American peoples have driven the imperialist forces out of vast areas and joined in the ranks of the socialist camp and progressive forces.

The speaker went on:

In a few days of our stay in your country we could directly witness the fortitude and inexhaustible talent which the people of your country, under the wise leadership of the great Workers' Party of Korea and His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, are displaying at the struggle for creating a new socialist life, speaking his instructions. We could also witness the enormous efforts which His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, and the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people are bending in the struggle for building and defending the country and achieving the unification of the country.

Our people fully support the Korean people in the struggle for driving the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and achieving the unification of the fatherland independently free from any outside interference, he declared.

Stressing that they will learn from the experiences accumulated by the Korean people and their struggle, he referred to the arduous struggle waged by the South Yemeni people against the British imperialists.

He continued:

Our people regard their struggle against the British as an inseparable part of the struggle of the world people against world imperialism and part of the overall plan for creating a socialist world which aspires after peace, equality and justice, weakening the imperialist camp and finally doing away with it.

The Korean people are fighting against the U.S. imperialists, the sworn enemy and malicious exploiters.

We must deal greater blows to the imperialists and the exploiters and smash them.

At this moment celebrating the victory of the Korean people, we can never forget the Arab people suffering under the yoke of tyrants and imperialist brigands, he stated, and declared: We assure the Korean people that we will liberate Palestine from the hands of the Zionists, the stooge of imperialism, at any cost and at any sacrifice.

We hope that you will render more support and encouragement to the guerrilla struggle waged by the Palestinian people, learning from the experiences and exercises of our popular resistance and guerrilla struggle.

Referring to the valiant struggle of the fraternal Vietnamese people against U.S. imperialism, he vehemently denounced the interference of the United States in Vietnam and the dirty war of the imperialist forces.

He expressed full support to the heroic struggle of the Vietnamese people for driving out the aggressors and reunifying the fatherland.

It is the basic duty of the progressive people to fully support the struggle of the people of Vietnam and denounce the U.S. aggressors, he noted.

Today, celebrating the great victory of the Korean people, I, in the name of our people and the National Front and President Qahtan Al Shaabi leading the struggle of our people and government leaders, congratulate you once again and wish His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, good health and a long life.

Concluding his speech, he shouted the following slogans: "Long live the great Leader of the Korean people, fighter for peace and progress of mankind!" "Long live fraternal friendship between the Korean people and South Yemeni people!"

# Speech of Fumio Togasa

## Head of Delegation of Japan-Korea Association

Fumio Togasa, head of the delegation of the Japan-Korea Association, made a speech at the Pyongyang city meeting celebrating the 15th anniversary of the victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

Noting that under the leadership of great Marshal Kim Il Sung the Korean people defeated the U.S. imperialists in the Fatherland Liberation War, he said: This was not only a great victory won by the Korean people in the struggle to defend the independence and freedom of their fatherland but marked the beginning of downhill turn for the U.S. imperialists and gave boundlessly great encouragement to the people of the whole world fighting for freedom, liberation and independence.

He went on:

I extend warm and lofty greetings and pay tribute to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and to the entire Korean people and People's Army.

Through the current visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea we the delegation of the Japan-Korea Association saw with deep impression the grandeur struggle of the entire Korean people who, rallied as firm as a rock around Premier Kim Il Sung and the Workers' Party of Korea, are making continued innovations and uninterrupted advance in the spirit of Chollima while raising higher the flames of the great revolutionary upsurge to carry through the revolutionary line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence, carry on socialist economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel and meet the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Republic with more shining successes, upholding the decisions of the historic Conference of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Ten-Point Political Programme of the Government of the Republic.

We learned many things from the childhood of Premier Kim Il Sung and his revolutionary family in Mangyongdae, dear to the hearts of the 40 million Korean people, and firmly resolved through this to further strengthen our struggle.

We pay sincere tribute to the Korean people for the brilliant success of building, under the correct and wise leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the great socialist economy of today on the debris in the true sense of the word at an unprecedented speed in the world and creditably constructing a splendid independent national economy in the past 15 years.

We the delegation of the Japan-Korea Association strongly denounce the vicious aggressive machinations of the U.S. imperialists who, oblivious of the lesson of their shameful defeat in the aggressive war in Korea, are bringing in nuclear weapons into South Korea and perpetrating grave acts of war provocation against the northern half of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea almost every day in violation of the Korean Armistice Agreement and the Sato government and reactionary forces of Japan who, in league with the U.S. imperialists, are forming the Northeast Asia Military Alliance and actively collaborating with and encouraging the aggressive machinations of the U.S. imperialists against Korea.

Stressing that the question of Korea is the question of the Korean people themselves and no outside force is allowed to interfere in it, he said:

We fully support the just struggle of the Korean people for the independent unification of Korea and strongly demand that the U.S. imperialists must get out of South Korea at once.

The Japanese people extend whole-hearted support and encouragement to the just struggle of the Korean people who dealt a decisive and heavy blow to the aggressive machinations of U.S. imperialism by capturing the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo."

Though the U.S. imperialists tried to "retaliate" this or unleash an all-out war, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which has been built up into a powerful democratic base did not waver in the least and made full preparations as firm as an iron wall to return retaliation for "retaliation," all-out war for all-out war. It is obvious that the aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists will be thoroughly smashed by the heroic Korean People's Army and the Korean people who have inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and the aggressors will get nothing but corpses and death.

The brilliant victory of the Korean people who defeated the U.S. imperialists in the Fatherland Liberation War and the heavy blow dealt by the Korean people to the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" have showed the world people that if the peoples of all countries which rose up in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, even though they are small countries, wage a just struggle against the U.S. imperialists, they can surely smash the U.S. imperialists.

Noting that the Japan-Korea Association is fighting with might and main for smashing the illegal "Japan-South Korea treaty" and defending the rights of the Korean citizens in Japan to repatriation and national education and all other democratic national rights and for promoting travel and economic and cultural exchange between Japan and Korea and expanding and strengthening the organizations of the Japan-Korea Association, he expressed the firm determination to further strengthen this struggle in future.

In conclusion he stressed: We will energetically march forward fighting together to drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea, Japan, Vietnam and the rest of Asia, further strengthen solidarity between the peoples of Japan and Korea, develop the friendly relations between them and win victory in the common struggle.

# Memorandum of the D.P.R.K. Government

## On Criminal Moves of U.S. Imperialist Aggressors Engrossed in New War Provocations, Wrecking and Trampling Underfoot Korean Armistice Agreement

(Gist)

**The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued on July 25 a memorandum exposing and denouncing the criminal moves of the U.S. imperialist aggressors who are running amuck to unleash a new war, wrecking and trampling underfoot the Korean Armistice Agreement.**

At the beginning, the four part-memorandum stresses that the U.S. imperialist aggressors who unleashed the war of aggression in Korea on June 25, 1950, waged an unprecedentedly barbarous and destructive war in Korea by mobilizing one-third of their ground force, one-fifth of their air force, main force of their navy, equipped with up-to-date technique, and troops of their 15 satellite countries, but they could not subdue the Korean people who rose up as one in the just struggle.

The Korean people and People's Army who inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle defended with their blood the independence of the fatherland and the gains of the revolution from the encroachment of the enemies, routed and smited the aggressors and won the great historic victory by displaying matchless devotion and mass heroism in the past Fatherland Liberation War against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

The victory of our people in the Korean war was a victory of the revolutionary people over the imperialist reactionary forces and a victory of the revolutionary armed forces over the imperialist aggressive armed forces. It showed that U.S. imperialism is no longer a formidable enemy and that if a people staunchly fight, firmly taking arms in their hands, they can defeat any nefarious imperialist aggressors. For its miserable defeat sustained in the Korean war, the myth about the "mightiness" of U.S. imperialism was broken into smithereens and the U.S. imperialists have taken a downhill turn from then on. The peace-loving people of the whole world warmly hailed the great victory of the Korean people over the U.S. imperialist aggressors and hoped that as envisaged in the Armistice Agreement, all the foreign troops would be withdrawn from Korea at the earliest date and the peaceful unification of Korea be realised.

Owing to the aggressive moves maliciously stepped up by the U.S. imperialist aggressors systematically trampling underfoot the Armistice Agreement from the first days of its signing, however, the ceasefire has not been turned into a durable peace up to date, 15 years after the signing of the Armistice Agreement in Korea, and the unification of the fatherland, the ardent aspiration of our nation, has not yet been realized till a new generation has grown up.

Owing to the ever intensified new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists, a grave situation has been created in Korea, in which a war may break out again at any moment.

In the first part, the memorandum says:

**Today, on the 15th anniversary of the realization of the armistice, peace in Korea is gravely menaced as never before due to the U.S. imperialist aggressors' moves for new war provocation.**

**The situation in our country is extremely tense owing to the** frantic war racket raised by the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the South Korean puppet clique since the incident of the armed spy ship "Pueblo," in particular.

The intrusion of the armed spy ship "Pueblo" of the U.S. imperialists into the territorial waters of our country was not only a wanton violation of the Armistice Agreement but also a gangster-like piratic act, a flagrant encroachment upon a sovereign state and a link in the chain of the premeditated manoeuvrings of the U.S. imperialists for the provocation of a new war in Korea.

The seizure of the "Pueblo" by the naval vessels of the Korean People's Army was an exercise of the legitimate right of self-defence on the part of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and a deserving punishment to the aggressors.

Nevertheless, no sooner had the armed spy ship "Pueblo" been seized by the self-defensive measure of the naval of the Korean People's Army than the U.S. imperialists openly "threatened" to invade the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, while massing a big task fleet including the nuclear-powered aircraft carrier "Enterprise" in the sea off the eastern coast of our country and bringing a large number of fighter-bombers into South Korea from Okinawa, Japan, the memorandum notes and goes on:

During the period from January to March 20, that is, before and after the incident of the armed spy ship "Pueblo," the U.S. imperialist aggressors committed various armed provocative acts on over 500 occasions, an average of 25 times a day, on the ground also and fired a total of over 40,000 shells and bullets into the area of our side on nearly 400 occasions.

On the other hand, the U.S. imperialist aggressors, that shelled anying stop shelf, "complained" before the U.N. about the incident of the "Pueblo," shamelessly scheming to cover up their brigandish act of war provocation with the U.N. flag and shift the responsibility for this incident on to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

This reminded one of the very method employed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors in unleashing the war of aggression in Korea in 1950.

In recent few months, too, the U.S. imperialist aggressors have been rushing headlong with ever an adventurous road, bringing numerous armed forces into South Korea and further strengthening a war posture.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors newly set up the advance command of the Fifth Air Force in South Korea and newly introduced over 200 fighter-bombers and more than 12,000 strong armed forces into South Korea from the U.S. mainland, Japan and Pacific areas and brought a large number of naval ships including destroyers and patrol boats and also anti-air guns into South Korea.

Referring to the fact that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique at the dictates of the U.S. imperialist aggressors are running wild in reinforcing the armed forces and expanding military bases and military establishments on a large scale, the memorandum exposes that of late, the U.S. imperialists are even scheming to move the nuclear base in Japan to South Korea.

Only in one month or so from May to June, the U.S. imperialist aggressors committed provocative acts against our side by (1) legally introducing scores of tanks, armoured cars and guns of different types into the Demilitarized Zone on eleven occasions and continued the grave military provocative acts of firing a total of more than 20,000 bullets and shells with various heavy and automatic weapons at our side on 153 occasions, the memorandum notes, and goes on:

In face of such undisguised threat of war by the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has taken determined measures to defend the independence of the country and dignity of the nation.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea holds to the decisive stand of returning retaliation for the "retaliation" of the U.S. imperialists, all-out war for all-out war.

Today, peace in Korea is preserved only thanks to the patient efforts of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The U.S. imperialists must apologize to the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the fact that the armed spy ship "Pueblo" illegally intruded into the territorial waters of our country and perpetrated espionage and hostile acts and give an assurance that such criminal acts will not occur again.

The crimes of the armed spy ship "Pueblo" of the U.S. imperialists which illegally intruded into the territorial waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, spied on important military and state secrets of our country and committed hostile acts have been fully laid bare before the whole world by the confessions of the crewmen of the ship themselves and various documents and materials on espionage seized in the ship. This notwithstanding, even today, half a year after that, the U.S. imperialist aggressors shamelessly demand that the crew be sent back unconditionally for nothing, groundlessly alleging that the armed spy ship "Pueblo" was caught in the "high seas" and it did not conduct espionage acts and so on, far from making any apology or giving any assurance.

This further reveals to the full the brigandish nature of the U.S. imperialist aggressors. The U.S. imperialist aggressors must clearly realize that they cannot solve no problem with such method.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors can never get the crew sent back in any day, unless they make an apology for the criminal acts of the crew who intruded into the territorial waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and perpetrated espionage and hostile acts, and give an assurance that they will never commit such crimes again in the future.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors, instead of assuming the responsibility for the incident of the armed spy ship "Pueblo," are stepping up war preparations by bringing into South Korea an ever increasing number of aggressor troops and running riot in their military provocations, using this incident as a pretext. This clearly proves that they infiltrated this armed spy ship into the territorial waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as a link in the chain of the premeditated manoeuvres for provoking a new war in Korea.

In the second part the memorandum points out:

It is a natural outcome of the policies of aggression and war doggedly pursued by the U.S. imperialist aggressors against the Korean people that peace in Korea today is gravely menaced and the danger of a new war has been created.

The memorandum exposes the fact that the U.S. imperialist aggressors have been stepping up the war preparations, systematically wrecking and violating the Armistice Agreement since its signing.

The Korean Armistice Agreement provides for banning of the introduction into Korea of reinforcing military personnel, combat aircraft, armoured vehicles, weapons and ammunitions and other reinforcing military forces during the ceasefire "to insure a complete cessation of hostilities and of all acts of armed force in Korea."

But notwithstanding, already on July 31, 1953, four days after the signing of the Armistice Agreement, the U.S. imperialist aggressors were caught red-handed by a neutral nations inspection team, while shipping into South Korea illegally 106 4.2-inch mortars dismantled and packed in crates labelled as "P.X. supplies" in violation of the subparagraph 13-d which provides for banning of the introduction into Korea of reinforcing military forces.

The weapons and other combat materials shipped in by the U.S. imperialist aggressors by means of swindle and fraud during the period from the armistice up to April 15, 1954, counting only those disclosed by the neutral nations inspection teams, included 177 combat aircraft, 403 guns and howitzers of different calibres and 6,400 rocket gun, of different calibres, 145 mortars of different calibres, 1,265 machine-guns of different calibres.

With their violations of the Armistice Agreement being disclosed and exposed one after another by the neutral nations inspection teams, the U.S. imperialist aggressors began hindering neutral nations inspection teams in their supervisory and inspection activities in every way.

In August, 1955, the U.S. imperialist aggressors instigated the South Korean puppet clique to launch threatening demonstrations in demand of the withdrawal of the neutral nations inspection teams all at once and commit the outrages of raiding and destroying the facilities of the neutral nations inspection teams in the ports of entry and in June, 1956, they forcibly expelled these inspection teams from South Korea, the memorandum points out, and continues:

In June 1957, one year after they expelled the neutral nations inspection teams from South Korea, the U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated the perfidious act of openly declaring the unilateral abrogation of sub-paragraph 13-d of the Armistice Agreement.

This was not only an act of crudely wrecking the Korean Armistice Agreement, but also a brigandish criminal act of grossly trampling underfoot even the elementary norms of the international law.

Since they declared the unilateral abrogation of sub-paragraph 13-d of the Armistice Agreement, the U.S. imperialist aggressors have embarked without hesitation upon the road of converting South Korea into an atomic and guided missile base.

The U.S. imperialists reorganized their aggressor troops occupying South Korea into pentomic divisions and brought into South Korea the U.S. First Cavalry division from Japan and reorganized it into a pentomic division.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors shipped in South Korea various types of atomic weapons and guided missiles such as "Honest John" rockets, 280-mm. atomic guns, "Matadore," "Nike Hercules" and "Hawk" guided missiles and illegally introduced into South Korea hosts of up-to-date military aircraft and naval vessels of various sizes.

South Korea has thus been completely converted into an aggressive military base of the U.S. imperialists.

Along with the reinforcement of the armed force of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops occupying South Korea, the U.S. imperialists have concentrated their main efforts on steadily reinforcing the South Korean puppet army and modernizing its equipment.

With the war preparations being stepped up with rapidity, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the faithful stooge of the U.S. imperialists, clamoured in January 1967 about "establishing military operational system conforming to the war-time," ranting that it would be "possible to have a chance to unify" by "prevailing over communism earlier than expected."

The U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are expanding military installations in all parts of South Korea and tightening the "war-posture" all over South Korea, while further militarizing the South Korean economy to meet the increasing military demands.

Today South Korea has become a huge army camp where a large amount of military forces are concentrated and everything is geared to the war policy of the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors are scheming to align the South Korean puppet clique closely with the Japanese militarists and other reactionaries in Asia in order to make a more effective South Korean puppet clique in their Asian aggression. It was for this purpose that the "Seoul-Tokyo talks" and "Bangkok talks" were brought to a conclusion in a hurry and the "South Korea-Japan treaty" was cooked up under the manipulation of U.S. imperialism.

The Japanese militarists have already drawn up a plan to directly participate in the war of aggression under the signboard of the so-called "U.N. force" in case the U.S. imperialists provoke a war of aggression in Korea, and are pushing ahead with it secretly.

Moreover, the Japanese militarists are moving and deploying their "Self-Defence Force" to the areas close to Korea in anti

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gination of their participation in the war of aggression in Korea and staging "landing operation exercise," "mountain warfare exercise" and "cold-endurance exercise" of the "Self-Defence Force" in the area where the climatic and topographical conditions are similar to those in Korea.

Already in 1963 the Japanese militarists supplied the South Korean puppet army with over 23,500 transport vehicles and various types of weapons and military equipment and in 1966 they handed over to the South Korean puppet army more than 20 "M-48" type tanks and other military equipment.

The reactionary Sato clique are contemplating to supply to the South Korean puppet clique with "Nike Azex" guided missiles and "F-105" supersonic fighter bombers.

All this is prompted by a heinous aggressive design of the U.S. imperialists to unleash again a war of aggression in Korea, using South Korea as an advance base and putting up the Japanese militarist forces as a shock brigade and mobilize easily the military potentials of South Korea for their Asian aggression.

In the 3rd part, the memorandum points to the fact that the U.S. imperialist aggressors have been incessantly committing all sorts of military provocations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and thus put the Korean armistice constantly in an unstable state.

The Korean Armistice Agreement stipulates that both signatories "shall order and enforce a complete cessation of all hostilities in Korea" (paragraph 12 of the Armistice Agreement).

From the day when the Armistice Agreement came into effect, however, the U.S. imperialist aggressors fired shells and bullets into the Demilitarized Zone and the areas of our side almost every day and infiltrated military personnel and armed spies to commit such hostile acts as armed attacks, storming, murdering, incendiarism and kidnapping.

Such provocations of various kinds committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors numbered more than 440 in one and a half year alone from the ceasefire to 1954.

The hostile provocative acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors have been ever more intensified as the days and years go by.

The provocative acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors amounted to several hundreds every year since 1955 and several thousands every year since 1960.

Enumerating some instances out of them, the memorandum points out that the military provocations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea have been committed more viciously and systematically than ever before especially since Johnson, war boss of U.S. imperialism, crept into South Korea in October, 1966 and fanned a new war to the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and South Korean puppet army, making a round of areas along the Military Demarcation Line.

Recalling that the military provocations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors have reached a grave stage, growing in scale as the days go by, the memorandum notes: It is proved by the fact that in one year from the time when Johnson, chieftain of the U.S. imperialist murderers, crept into South Korea in September of 1967, the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops fired toward the areas of our side more than 65,000 rounds of shells and bullets, more than 5 times those fired by them for 13 years after the armistice.

Underscoring that the reckless war policy of the U.S. imperialist aggressors was checked, frustrated and dealt heavy blows each time by the powerful self-defensive measures of the Korean People's Army, the memorandum says:

Various kinds of military provocations mentioned above and other acts of violation of the Armistice Agreement committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and thus put the Korean armistice constantly in an unstable state.

In the fourth part, the memorandum refers to the question of Korea's unification. It writes: For ensuring the peaceful settlement of the Korean issue, paragraph 60 of the Korean Armistice Agreement stipulates that "within three months after the Armistice Agreement is signed and becomes effective, a political conference of a higher level shall be held by representatives appointed respectively to settle through negotiation the question of the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Korea, the peaceful settlement of the Korean question, etc."

But, on August 8, 1953, ten odd days after they signed the Armistice Agreement providing for the withdrawal of all foreign troops from Korea, the U.S. imperialists concluded with the South Korean puppet clique the "South Korea-U.S. mutual defence treaty" stipulating the permanent occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops.

Following this, the U.S. imperialists resorted to all sorts of manoeuvres so that a political conference might not be convened within the date prescribed in the Armistice Agreement.

Preliminary talks for a political conference were held in Panmunjom in October, 1953, thanks to the efforts of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea but the U.S. imperialist aggressors sabotaged even it.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors unilaterally sabotaged the Geneva conference for the peaceful settlement of the Korean question in 1954.

After the rupture of the preliminary talks for the political conference and the Geneva conference, too, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea continuously made persevering efforts to promote the peaceful unification of Korea.

Proceeding from the principle that the question of the unification of Korea must be solved independently and peacefully on a democratic basis, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea consistently held that a unified, democratic and central government should be established by holding a free North-South general election by the Korean people themselves without any outside interference after the withdrawal of all foreign troops from Korea.

But the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique refused withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea and a free North-South general election.

The memorandum refers in detail to the fact that the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique turned down most reasonable and fair proposals for the peaceful unification of the fatherland each time the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea put them forward.

The memorandum writes:

The U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppet clique closed the door and refused any proposals that will be helpful to the unification of Korea, insisting that unification can be realized only through "U.N.-supervised election."

To begin with, however, the U.N. has no ground or authority to meddle in the question of Korea. The U.N. was reduced to a belligerent party in the Korean war with its flag being usurped in the war of aggression of the U.S. imperialists against the Korean people.

In the light of its Charter, the U.N. must not discuss the question of the unification of Korea, the internal affair to be settled by the Korean people themselves.

The so-called "U.N.-supervised election" is a ploy but a farce for legalizing in the name of the U.N. the arbitrarily fabricated results of the "election" in which the freedom of the will of the people is suppressed with the threat of bayonets of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops disguised as "U.N. forces."

The U.S. imperialists have continuously brought the "Korean question" before the U.N. and forced illegal discussion upon it for the past 20 years, proceeding from their ambition to delude the world people and extend the colonial ruling system imposed upon South Korea even to the northern half of the Republic under the U.N. signboard.

Owing to such consistent obstructive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea and the peaceful solution of the Korean question, provided for in the Armistice Agreement, have not been realized till today.

As can be seen in the above, all facts prove that the U.S. imperialist aggressors are the very ringleader of the criminal manoeuvres, who are endangering peace in Korea and hampering the peaceful unification of Korea, consistently sabotaging and trampling underfoot the Korean Armistice Agreement and running wild to provoke a new war, the memorandum states.

Noting that it is attributable entirely to the premeditated criminal war manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialist aggressors that today's the tension has gone to extremes and a dangerous situation has been created in Korea, in which a war may break out again at any moment, the memorandum emphasizes:

As the history of the past Korean war clearly shows, it the U.S. imperialist aggressors are bent on perpetrate the frantic military provocations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, it will inevitably cause a new war in Korea.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has consistently made all sincere efforts to strictly observe all the provisions of the Armistice Agreement and turn the armistice in Korea into a durable peace.

If the fair and reasonable proposals of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for making the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops withdraw from South Korea and solving the Korean question by the Korean people themselves were taken into practice, the entire Korean people would have long been able to enjoy a free, happy life in a unified, sovereign and independent country and there would not have been such danger of war as we see today in Korea.

But as the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops are left in South Korea, the South Korean people can not free themselves from the misfortunes and sufferings of today nor is it possible to remove the danger of a new war in Korea, achieve the peaceful unification of Korea and ensure peace in Asia and the rest of the world.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors must give up at once their policy of turning South Korea into a colony and military base and acts of new war provocation against the Korean people and pull out of there forthwith, taking all their lethal weapons.

The withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea—this is the prerequisite to the peaceful solution of the question of Korea's unification and a strict requirement of the Armistice Agreement.

The U.S. imperialist aggressor army has no reason or ground whatsoever to remain in South Korea.

The question of Korea's unification must be settled in any case by the Korean people themselves in an independent way and the U.N. or any other outside forces must not meddle in it.

If the U.N. wants to act in conformity with its Charter and intrinsic mission, it must no longer be used as a tool of U.S. imperialism in aggression on Korea, must put an end to the illegal discussion of the "Korean question" held without the participation of a representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and take immediate measures for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops occupying South Korea under the name of "U.N. forces" and the dissolution of the "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea."

If there is no change in the past or at present in the basic stand of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to maintain peace in Korea and solve the question of Korea's unification independently and peacefully on a democratic basis in any case.

If the U.S. imperialists introduce a new war racket against armed forces into South Korea and persist in kicking up the war racket against the northern half of the Republic ignoring the Armistice Agreement despite the consistent, peace-loving stand of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the U.S. imperialist aggressors will be held entirely responsible for all the consequences arising therefrom.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will continue to strictly observe the Armistice Agreement and for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea in accordance with the requirements of the Armistice Agreement and the realization of the peaceful unification of the fatherland.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is convinced that the socialist countries, the national independent countries in Asia, Africa and Latin America and the governments of various countries and all the peace-loving peoples of the world will direct deep attention to the grave situation created today in Korea owing to the U.S. aggression and to and solidarity with the just cause of the Korean people who are resolutely opposing the new war provocation manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism, strongly demanding the immediate withdrawal of U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea and striving for the independent, peaceful unification of the fatherland.

**At 273rd and 274th MAC Meetings**

# Criminal Acts of U.S. Imperialists Who Are Hell-bent on New War Provocations Fully Exposed and Condemned

The 273rd and 274th meetings of the Military Armistice Commission were held respectively on July 13 and 25 in Panmunjom at the request of our side.

At the meetings our side lodged a strong protest with the enemy side against the ever more frenzied rash military provocations U.S. imperialist aggressors are perpetrating recently against our side, continually infringing upon the Armistice Agreement wantonly while frantically kicking up a new war provocation racket, and called the enemy side to account for this.

According to the statement of Major General Pak Jung Guk made at the 273rd meeting, on July 9, the next day of the 272nd MAC meeting, the U.S. imperialist aggressors again mobilized tanks and guns and hundreds of armed bandits equipped with various heavy and automatic weapons to commit the open hostile act of firing tens of thousands of bullets and shells at a post of our side and its vicinity.

At dawn that day the U.S. imperialist aggressors secretly brought under cover of darkness more than 170 armed bandits to the bank line in the area of the Manwuri line on the southern bank of the lower reaches of the Rimjin River.

Under the command of officers who slipped from helicopters respectively on the back side of the bank and on Hill 141 the armed bandits speedily formed a combat array and fired a volley from 05:00 into the area of our side north of the Rimjin River with tanks, 81 mm. and 60 mm. mortars and other heavy and automatic weapons of different types.

In face of the organized and large-scale rifle and gun fire of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the men of our People's Army could not but take self-defensive measures.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors reinforced their force by over 70 armed bandits at around 08:00 after they were dealt a deserving blow by the men of our People's Army for their provocation till 12:30.

That day the U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated the large-scale vicious hostile provocation of firing a total of more than 12,000 bullets and more than 100 shells into the area of our side for over nine hours by mobilizing tanks, mortars of different calibres and hundreds of bandits armed with heavy and automatic weapons.

To aggravate the situation to the utmost and thus wreck the armistice and create an atmosphere for the provocation of a war, the U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated from July 7 to 11 provocative acts of firing a total of more than 9,380 bullets and shells into the area of our side and 30 occasions of 106.7 mm. mortars and other heavy and automatic weapons.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors are committing military provocations in the sea and air, too, to create an atmosphere for the provocation of a war. From July 9 to 11, they again illegally infiltrated over 200 armed spy ships and fishing boats into the coastal waters of our side off the eastern coast on three

(Continued on Page 12)

# June 25—July 27

# Month of Joint Struggle for Immediate Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from S. Korea

☆ ☆ ☆

# The Whole World Are With Us

**Foreign countries continue to express firm solidarity with the just struggle of the Korean people, vehemently denouncing the U.S. imperialists on the occasion of the "Month of joint struggle for the immediate withdrawal of U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea."**

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## SOVIET UNION

There was a meeting of solidarity with the Korean people at the Lenin Electric Factory in Moscow on July 2.

The meeting adopted a resolution expressing solidarity with the Korean people in their just struggle to force the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops out of South Korea and unify the fatherland on an independent basis.

The Ship Repair Factory in Nakhodka held a rally on July 5.

A meeting in connection with the month of joint struggle took place in Alma Ata, the capital of Kazakstan, too.

## D.R.V.

The June 25 issue of the Vietnamese paper **Nhandan** carried an article captioned "U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, quit South Korea."

Saying that South Korea has been turned into a major military base of the U.S. imperialists, the article emphasized:

Under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, the Korean people have converted their country into an impregnable fortress capable of crushing any attack of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges.

The article further went on.

The Vietnamese people fully support the just stand of the Government of the D.P.R.K. holding that the U.S. imperialists must withdraw from South Korea and the question of the unification of the fatherland be settled by the Korean people themselves free from any outside interference and renew their determination to fight always shoulder to shoulder with the fraternal Korean people against the U.S. imperialists, the common enemy.

## SOUTH VIETNAM

South Vietnam radio in a recent commentary resolutely supported the struggle of the Korean people against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

The radio said. The victory the Korean people had won in their fight against the U.S. imperialist aggressors showed eloquently that no matter how small it is, if a country gets united and fights resolutely for the freedom and independence in accordance with the correct line, it can defeat the imperialists completely.

## CUBA

A grand mass rally of solidarity with the Korean people was held in Cienfuegos city, Las Villas Province, Cuba, on July 8.

The meeting with the attendance of over 8,000 citizens was addressed by Captain Jose Arteage, Member of the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party and Representative of Las Villas Province of the Cuban National Committee for Land Reform.

In his speech he once again expressed firm solidarity with the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people who are adhering to the resolute stand in the face of the U.S. imperialists' aggression. Though the Korean people suffered the most impudent and brigandish aggression by U.S. imperialism in 1950, he said, they administered a heavy defeat to the aggressors by displaying heroism. This victory could be won thanks to the outstanding military strategy of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed genius-commander, he stressed.

Condemning the new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists against our country, the speaker emphasized that the Korean people will certainly drive out the U.S. imperialist aggressors from their fatherland and unify their country in the present generation.

Earlier, on July 5, similar meeting was held in Caibarien region, Las Villas Province.

On July 2 a gathering of solidarity also took place in the Ciego de Amela region, Camaguey Province. It denounced the new war provocation machinations of the U.S. imperialists and expressed support for the just struggle of the Korean people. On the same day a meeting of solidarity with the Korean people was held at the "Onelio Hernandez" Moulding Factory in the same region.

**Granma**, organ of the Communist Party of Cuba, in its June 25 issue wrote that the war unleashed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors in Korea ended in the defeat of the aggressors, and proved with concrete examples the fact that the American imperialists sustained in Korea the most shameful defeat for the first time in their history of war, and the myth about "mightiness" of the enemy was exploded to pieces. But, it pointed out, instead of drawing a lesson from their shameful defeat the U.S. imperialists are intensifying the acts of provocation and attack against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea lately.

The paper expressed the conviction that the gallant and staunch Korean people with invincible defence potentials would surely win victory in their fight against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the vicious enemy.

## POLAND

Polish paper **Trybuna Ludu** carried an editorial article in its June 25 issue entitled "Provocation of the United States against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea."

Pointing out that the tension in Korea has become more acute following the incident of the U.S. imperialists' armed spy ship "Pueblo" the paper condemned U.S. imperialism which is desperate to stamp out the struggle of the South Korean people, subjecting them to an unprecedented fascist repression while increasing its armed forces ever more in South Korea.

Condemning strongly the U.S. imperialist aggressors the paper said: The incident of the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" and the aggravation of the tension in the areas along the Military Demarcation Line are a component part of the U.S. imperialist Far Eastern strategy and are aimed at creating tension in Asia and pursuing a policy of military blackmail against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

## MONGOLIA

A meeting of working people was held on July 5 at the Workers' Palace of Culture in Ulan Bator, the capital of Mongolia.

The meeting was addressed by the Vice-President of the Mongolian Committee for Afro-Asian Solidarity and many other attendants.

The speaker unanimously stressed that the Mongolian working class support the Korean people who are firmly rallied around the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic, resolutely denounced the new war provocation manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism and strongly demanded the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from South Korea.

## BULGARIA

On the occasion of the "Month of joint struggle for the immediate withdrawal of U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea" Bulgarian papers carried articles on June 27.

**Rabotnichesko Delo** stressed that the Bulgarian people cherish the feelings of friendship toward the Korean people and express solidarity with them. The Bulgarian people support to the hilt the just struggle of the Korean people against the provocative acts of the U.S. imperialists and for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialists aggressor troops from South Korea and the unification of the fatherland, the paper said.

## HUNGARY

A mass rally was held in Raipizuri, Tolna Province, Hungary, on the occasion of the month of joint struggle on June 25.

At the meeting the speaker expressed full solidarity with the Korean people in their struggle for driving out the U.S. imperialist aggressors and unifying the fatherland, marking this month.

The speaker stressed that the Korean people won great victories and successes in the anti-U.S. armed struggle, in the great Fatherland Liberation War against the aggression of the U.S. imperialists and in the post-war rehabilitation and construction.

## SYRIA

A meeting of solidarity supporting the struggle of the Korean people was held in Damascus on June 26.

A representative of the Palestinian Liberation Organization made a speech at the meeting. He said that the Palestinian people who are fighting against the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli occupationers extend full support to the just struggle of the Korean people for making the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops withdraw from South Korea and attaining the country's unification and evince firm solidarity with the Korean people.

Convinced that the Korean people under the leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, will surely attain the cause of the fatherland's unification, he noted that the Palestinian people will always advance together with the Korean people.

## The CONGO (B)

On July 4 a mass meeting took place in Uenje district, Brazzaville city of the Congo(B) on the occasion of the "Month of joint struggle for the immediate withdrawal of U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea."

Addressing the meeting Colonvie, Chairman of the Uenje District Committee of the Friendship Society among Nations, exposed and lashed at the aggressive provocations of the U.S. imperialists against Korea.

He noted that Comrade Kim Il Sung was born into a revolutionary family in the grimmest period of the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism and fought for the restoration of the fatherland, holding aloft the anti-Japanese torch from his early age, and he paid high tribute to the sagacity of the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung who always leads the Korean people to victory.

On June 24 a meeting was held in Brazzaville under the sponsorship of the Federation of Trade Unions of the Congo supporting the anti-U.S. struggle of the Korean people.

Meanwhile, the Federation of Trade Unions of the Congo(B) recently issued a statement supporting the just struggle of the Korean people.

Recalling the fact that the U.S. imperialist aggressors who unleashed an aggressive war in Korea 18 years ago bent their knees before the Korean people, the statement pointed out that the U.S. imperialists are resorting to plots for a new war in Korea, far from drawing a lesson therefrom.

It wrote that it is in the unchangeable nature of U.S. imperialism to cling to the aggression and war.

It said that under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the most respected and beloved Leader, the Workers' Party of Korea, the Korean people and the People's Army that already won a brilliant victory in the war against the U.S. imperialist aggression and have experiences of the anti-imperialist struggle will continue to inflict a fatal blow to the U.S. imperialists, the No. 1 enemy of the world people.

In conclusion, the statement noted that though the Congo and Korea are separated from each other by numerous rivers and mountains, the anti-imperialist struggle of the Korean people is valuable for the Congolese people.

Meanwhile, a photo exhibition on "the sagacity of the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and the struggle of the Korean people for the independent unification of the fatherland" recently opened at the Central Gymnasium of the Congo(B).

## CEYLON

The June 23 issue of the Ceylonese paper **Nation** respectfully carried a photo of Marshal Kim Il Sung giving on-the-spot guidance at the front and printed an article captioned "Korean people do not fear war."

The article said:

Under the wise leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, the Korean people won victory in the war against the U.S. imperialist aggressors. Today the Korean people are making full preparations in face of the new aggression of the U.S. imperialists. Under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, one of the great leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, the Korean people have been steeled firmly.

The article continued:

Comrade Kim Il Sung said: **"We do not want war, but are never afraid of it. Our people and People's Army will return retaliation for the 'retaliation' of the U.S. imperialists, all-out war for all-out war."**

If the U.S. imperialists and their stooges keep aggravating the situation and ignite a new war in Korea, they will perish in the flames they themselves enkindled.

The Korean people and the Korean People's Army which has been trained into an army, each man being a match for a hundred, under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, ever-victorious iron-willed genius-commander and outstanding military strategist, will deal a determined, decisive and annihilating blow to the enemy and control with fire those who like to play with fire, the article emphasized.

## Pan-African Women's Congress

The Pan-African Women's Congress designated the period from June 25 to July 27 as the "Month of solidarity with the Korean women in their struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea" and issued an appeal addressed to the African women.

The appeal stressed that the African women extend warm support to and militant solidarity with the Korean women in their valorous struggle to sweep away the U.S. imperialists and the Park Jung Hi clique, defend South Korea and unify their fatherland.

It appealed to the African women to condemn the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea and their aggressive acts, demand the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea and actively support the struggle of the Korean people and women for the independent unification of their country in various forms and ways during the month of solidarity.

The Pan-African Women's Congress also adopted a letter of solidarity addressed to the Korean women.

# Friendship and Solidarity between Peoples of Korea and Cuba Is Everlasting and Invincible

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## Torch of Moncada Will Burn Forever

The fraternal Cuban people are significantly marking the 15th anniversary of the glorious July 26 Armed Uprising.

On July 26, 1953 the Cuban revolutionary fighters headed by Comrade Fidel Castro, the national hero of Cuba, launched a historic attack on the Moncada barracks, a military stronghold of the Batista clique, the stooges of the U.S. imperialists.

The torch raised by the Moncada heroes opened a new stage in the history of the struggle of the Cuban people against the Yankee imperialists and the dictatorial regime of Batista, their lackey, and for a genuine independence and freedom and illumined the road of victory to the Cuban people who were groaning in darkness.

On this significant day the Korean people extend fervent congratulations and warm militant greetings to the heroic Cuban people, the most reliable comrades-in-arms and close brothers, who are fighting shoulder to shoulder with them on the front of struggle against the U.S. imperialists, the common enemy.

The Cuban revolutionaries and people led by Comrade Fidel Castro waged a protracted bloody armed struggle, holding aloft the torch of the July 26 Moncada. This struggle culminated in the overthrow of the Batista fascist dictatorial regime on January 1, 1959, which was armed to the teeth with the military equipment of U.S. imperialism. Thus the flag of freedom and liberation came to fly over the land of their fatherland.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, said as follows:

**"The victory of the Cuban revolution is the first victory of socialist revolution won under the very nose of the United States. It is a continuation of the Great October Revolution in Latin America. It is a historic event that extended the socialist camp to the Western Hemisphere and marked a new turning point in the revolutionary movement in Latin America."**

After the victory in the revolution the Cuban people, under the correct leadership of the Cuban Communist Party headed by Comrade Fidel Castro, resolutely frustrated all sorts of aggressive schemes of the U.S. imperialist aggressors whenever they were launched, displaying the indomitable revolutionary spirit and heroism, and thus firmly safeguarded the gains of the revolution. They have expedited victoriously the socialist revolution and construction, overcoming all difficulties in their way.

Especially, the Communist Party and the Revolutionary Government of Cuba recently have enforced the nationalisation of the commerce and are further advancing the revolution by assuming the revolutionary offensive to liquidate all forms of the capitalist elements in the field of ideology.

The Korean people rejoice over the success made by the fraternal Cuban people who are confidently marching along the victorious road of socialism under the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. banner and heartily wish them fresh, greater successes in their struggle.

Today revolutionary Cuba represents the future of Latin America and its existence itself powerfully inspires the national-liberation struggle of the Latin-American peoples.

The peoples in Venezuela, Guatemala, Bolivia, Colombia and other Latin-American countries, drawing new strength and courage from the example of Cuba, are more bravely rising up in the anti-U.S., anti-dictatorial struggle to attain the freedom and liberation by their own efforts and stepping up the armed struggle everywhere.

Comrade Ernesto Che Guevara, an outstanding international fighter born of the Latin-American peoples, bravely fought in the van of the armed struggle upholding the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. banner and dedicated his precious life to the cause of freedom and liberation of the oppressed peoples and the exploited masses in Latin America.

The lofty revolutionary spirit and unbending fighting spirit of Comrade Ernesto Che Guevara live in the hearts of the Latin-American peoples and are inspiring them to a new revolutionary struggle.

Fearful of the victorious advance of revolutionary Cuba the U.S. imperialists, the enemy of the revolutionary peoples of the whole world, are trying hard to strangle the Cuban revolution.

At present it is a sacred international duty for the socialist countries and the revolutionary peoples of the whole world to defend the Cuban revolution against the aggression of U.S. imperialism and give active support and encouragement to the revolutionary struggle of the Cuban people.

Comrade Kim Il Sung remarked:

**"Our Party and people resolutely condemn the aggressive moves of the U.S. imperialists against Cuba and powerfully support the heroic struggle of the Cuban people to defend their revolutionary gains and build socialism. We will continue to do all we can to cement our friendship and solidarity with the Communist Party and people of Cuba."**

The Korean and Cuban peoples are the revolutionary comrades-in-arms who are marching ahead shoulder to shoulder in the common struggle against U.S. imperialism and for the victory of the cause of socialism on the basis of the Marxist-Leninist ideology and the closest brothers firmly standing guard over the eastern outpost of socialism and the outpost of the Western Hemisphere.

U.S. imperialism which suffered the first defeat at the hands of the Korean people has started going downhill and is staggering under heavy blows from the Cuban people.

U.S. imperialism which has sustained severe blows from the heroic Vietnamese brothers is faced with final doom.

The recent historic facts show that even small countries, if the revolutionary people in unity cut off the arms and legs of U.S. imperialism one by one everywhere in the world, can defeat and finally ruin U.S. imperialism.

The firm solidarity and resolute struggle of the peoples of our two countries on the anti-U.S. common front are hastening the final defeat of the U.S. imperialists.

The Cuban Communist Party and people are highly appreciating the achievements the Korean people are making in the socialist revolution and construction by carrying through the great idea of Juche of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and the revolutionary line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence, an embodiment of his idea, and expressing respect for and boundless trust in Comrade Kim Il Sung.

This greatly inspires us.

The friendship and solidarity between the peoples of Korea and Cuba and the two Parties which are strengthening and developing with each passing day is everlasting and invincible.

The Korean people once again wish the Cuban people who are greeting the 15th anniversary of the July 26 Armed Uprising, new victory in their struggle to defend the fatherland and the revolutionary gains and build socialism smashing all kinds of aggressive machinations of U.S. imperialism.

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Poster: **"Militant friendship and unity!"** by Pak Sang Rak

## Pyongyang City Meeting Observes 15th Anniv. of Armed Uprising of Cuban People

A grand Pyongyang city meeting marking the 15th anniversary of the Armed Uprising of the Cuban people was held at the open air theatre in the Moranbong Youth Park on July 25.

Hung respectfully at the back wall of the platform were portraits of Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Fidel Castro. National flags of the two countries were also hung side by side, symbolizing the unbreakable militant friendship and solidarity between Korea and Cuba.

Attending the meeting together with over 20,000 citizens were Comrades Kim Il and Jong Jun Taek; Ministers of the Cabinet, responsible functionaries of public organizations and generals and servicemen of the Korean People's Army as well as Heroes of the D.P.R.K. and Labour Heroes.

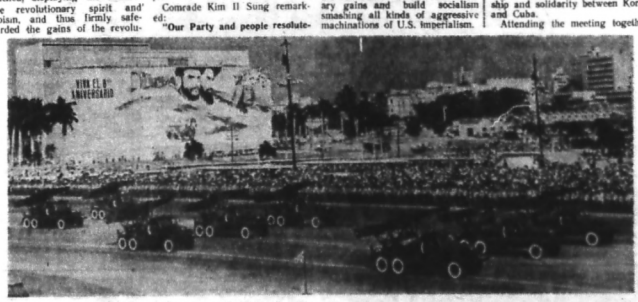
Invited to the meeting were the members of the visiting government friendship delegation of the Republic of Cuba and the government economic, scientific and technical co-operation delegation of the Republic of Cuba headed by Major Jesus Montane Oropesa, Minister of Telecommunications of the Republic of Cuba.

Also invited there were Roberto Mulet Delvalle, Charge d'Affaires ad Interim, and staff members of the Cuban Embassy and Cuban guests in Pyongyang.

Comrade Jong Jun Taek, Vice-Premier of the Cabinet, delivered a report at the meeting.

Head of the delegation Jesus Montane Oropesa spoke next.

The meeting adopted amid thunderous applause a message addressed to the Cuban people in the name of the attendants of the Pyongyang city meeting marking the 15th anniversary of the Armed Uprising of the Cuban people.



A rocket unit of the Cuban Revolutionary Armed Forces

## Pyongyang City Mass Rally Supporting and Encouraging Anti-U.S., National-salvation Struggle of Laotian People Held

A Pyongyang city mass rally supporting and encouraging the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle of the Laotian people was held on July 22 at the Chollima House of Culture under the co-sponsorship of the Central Committee of the United Democratic Fatherland Front and the Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity.

Attending the meeting, together with working people and youth and students of the city, were Kim Chon Hae, Member of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Fatherland Front; Pak Yong Shin, Minister of Culture; Jon Chang Chol, Chairman of the Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity and Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions, Li Yong Sik, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth and Jon Myong Su, director of a department of the Foreign Ministry.

Kim Sang Jun, Vice-Chairman of the Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity, spoke at the meeting.

On the occasion of the sixth anniversary of the signing of the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos, he, in the name of the Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity and the entire Korean people, extended warm militant greetings and firm solidarity to the fraternal Laotian people who are waging a heroic war of resistance to smash the aggression of the U.S. imperialists and build a peaceful, neutral, unified, independent, democratic and prosperous Laos.

The fraternal Laotian people mark the sixth anniversary of the conclusion of the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos in the fierce flames of their sacred, anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle.

The conclusion of the Geneva Agreements on Laos on July 23, 1962 was a great victory won by the Laotian people by frustrating the U.S. imperialist aggressors' armed intervention through their undaunted struggle.

The Agreements, which stipulate for such term as the prohibition of all outside interference in Laos and the guarantee of the independence and neutrality of the country, opened up a favourable prospect for the settlement of the Laotian question.

However, immediately after the conclusion of the Agreements the U.S. imperialists who do not give up their ambition of aggression against Laos perpetrated vicious aggressive machinations against Laos, wantonly wrecking and violating the Agreements.

The brigandish U.S. imperialists together with the reactionary troops of Laos made attacks on the liberated areas of Laos to disturb peace in Laos and committed the bestial atrocities of mercilessly massacring the people of Laos by employing every possible means and methods of war.

U.S. imperialism overthrew the Laotian Tripartite National Union Government in every vicious and crafty way and cooked up the reactionary Vientiane puppet regime.

The U.S. imperialists induced the Vientiane puppet regime to ally with the puppet stooges of Thailand and South Vietnam militarily and politically and turned it into a complete tool of their aggressive policy.

All facts clearly show that the very U.S. imperialists are the wrecker of the 1962 Geneva agreements on Laos and the brigandish aggressor and vicious war criminal infringing upon the sovereignty, independence, neutrality, unity and territorial integrity of Laos.

Despite the unanimous denunciation of the people of the whole world, the U.S. imperialist robbers, far from taking their tentacles of aggression off Laos, are in a frenzy to strangulate the Laotian revolution while intensifying their attacks and war of destruction against the liberated areas of Laos and thus turn the tables in favour of them in the war of aggression in Vietnam in which they are sustaining repeated defeats. To achieve this vicious aim, the U.S. imperialists have started to step up the aggressive war against the Laotian people the puppet troops of Thailand, the Philippines, the Chiang Kai-shek clique and even South Vietnamese puppet troops.

With no means or method, however, can the U.S. imperialist aggressors subdue the heroic Laotian people who have risen up in the struggle for freedom and independence or check the triumphant advance of the Laotian revolution.

Today the Laotian people and patriotic armed forces under the correct leadership of the Neo Lao Haksat headed by Prince Souphanouvong are winning brilliant victories in the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle, smashing every machination of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges who are escalating the "special war" in Laos.

The Korean people whole-heartedly rejoice over the successes the Neo Lao Haksat and the Laotian people have scored in their anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle and extend warm greetings to them.

The struggle of the Laotian people against the U.S. imperialists is not only a struggle for the complete liberation and independence of their country but also part of the world revolution to sweep U.S. imperialism, the most heinous common enemy and target No. 1 in the struggle of the world people, off the surface of the globe. Even at this moment the Laotian people side by side with the fraternal Vietnamese comrades-in-arms are expediting the final downfall of U.S. imperialism, the ringleader of aggression and war, cutting off one of its limb.

The Laotian question should be settled only in accordance with the four-point stand and the five-point measures of the Laotian Political Consultative Conference adopted in October 1965.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors must strictly observe the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos and the Laotian Tripartite Agreement, stop all the interventions and the aggressive machinations against Laos and let the Laotian people solve the Laotian question by themselves.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said:

**"The Korean people trenchantly condemn the aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists against the Laotian people and fully support the struggle of the Laotian people for national independence."**

The Korean people will, in the future, too, as in the past, advance shoulder to shoulder with the Laotian people against U.S. imperialism, the common enemy, and actively support and encourage their anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle.

The Laotian people and their patriotic armed forces will drive out the U.S. imperialist aggressors and certainly win the final victory in their just cause for freedom and independence.

# Laotian People Will Win Final Victory

## Liberian People Greet Their National Holiday

The Liberian people greet their independence day, their national red-letter day.

On this significant day the Korean people extend congratulations and greetings to the Liberian people.

The Liberian people developed assiduously agriculture and mining industry, the two main economic branches of the country, to achieve the prosperity and development of the country. Today Liberia is one of the world's largest producers of rubber, special product, and agricultural production has increased markedly.

And the Liberian people with abundant underground resources have made a big stride in the production of minerals including iron ore by developing many mines. They have scored successes in the fields of education and public health, too.

They are now fighting against racialism, a product of imperialism and colonialism, and endeavouring to completely shake off colonial dependence and achieve world peace and security.

The Korean people who are fighting to drive out the U.S. imperialist aggressors from South Korea and achieve the independent unification of their fatherland are deeply interested in the struggle of the Liberian people against imperialism and colonialism and for the prosperity and development of their country.

The Korean and Liberian peoples, though far apart from each other, are deepening mutual understanding through the visits and contacts.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

**"Our Party and Government consider it an important principle of foreign policy to support the struggle of the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples against imperialism for freedom and liberation."**

The Korean people hope that the relations of friendship between the peoples of the two countries will develop in the accomplishment of the just cause against imperialism and colonialism and wish the Liberian people fresh successes in their struggle for the prosperity of the country.

(Continued from Page 9)

occasions, and on July 11, they illegally dispatched two military planes into the air above the Demilitarized Zone.

Besides, from July 8 to 12 the U.S. imperialist aggressors illegally brought into the Demilitarized Zone nine armoured cars, a M-47 tank, three 57 mm. recoilless guns and various other heavy and automatic weapons with the deliberate intention to convert the Demilitarized Zone into a combat position.

At the 274th meeting Major General Pak Jung Guk noted that the U.S. imperialist aggressors are continuously infiltrating of late, too, armed bandits into the area of our side to raid and conduct espionage and subversive acts.

According to his statement, the U.S. imperialist aggressors dispatched into the area of our side a group of armed bandits with Baek Gyong Wun as its boss around 03:00 July 14 and a group of murderous bandits with Song Jae Hwan as its head around 04:00 July 24, arming them with various lethal weapons and apparatuses for espionage on the mission of raiding and killing personnel of our side and spying on military secrets of our side.

However, these armed bandits were all captured or killed by the men of our People's Army before carrying out the mission given by the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

According to the statement of Major General Pak Jung Guk, from July 12 to 23 the U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated the hostile acts of firing at our side a total of more than 3,300 shells and bullets on 54 occasions with 105 mm. howitzers and various other heavy and automatic weapons.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors again illegally brought their armoured cars respectively on July 15 and 20 and an 81 mm. mortar on July 22 into the Demilitarized Zone in order to convert the zone into a combat position.

The military provocations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors against our side are unabated on the sea, too. On July 21 they perpetrated the criminal acts of illegally infiltrating again 20 armed spy ships and fishing boats into the eastern coastal waters of our side.

Pointing out that owing to these reckless military provocations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors against our side, engagements occur almost every day in the area along the Military Demarcation Line and a terror-ridden war atmosphere constantly menacing the armistice has now been created in our country, Major General Pak Jung Guk said that the recent military provocations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors were a link in the chain of their persistent measures for the provocation of a new war and premeditated hostile acts perpetrated by the enemy with the intentional purpose of further hotting up the tension in Korea and creating an atmosphere for the provocation of a new war.

Major General Pak Jung Guk strongly demanded the enemy side to promise to discontinue at once their reckless military provocations against our side and strictly comply with the requirements of the Armistice Agreement.

But the senior member of the enemy side prattled that he would make an "investigation" into the case protested against by our side, and disguising himself as the "observer" of the Armistice Agreement, launched the counter-propaganda fabricating the so-called "surprise attack," "infiltration" and the like of our side and heaped absurd slander upon us as if we were "violating" the Armistice Agreement.

Recalling the fact that the meeting was held on the eve of the 15th anniversary of the signing of the Armistice Agreement Major General Pak Jung Guk cited historical facts to expose the criminal acts the U.S. imperialist aggressors have incessantly committed in the last 15 years wrecking and violating all the provisions of the Armistice Agreement without exception, and refuted fully the preposterous attempt of the U.S. imperialists to disguise as the "observer" of the Armistice Agreement.

Exposing the fact that the hostile acts and violations of the Armistice Agreement committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors up to date since the signing of the Armistice totalled more than 50,000 cases only counting those protested officially by our side Major General Pak Jung Guk exhibited in the meeting hall the materials, and proving the criminal acts of the enemy one by one he called the enemy side to account for them.

Major General Pak Jung Guk expounded and condemned by means of concrete data the vicious acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors who are not only systematically wrecking and violating all the provisions of the Armistice Agreement and trying to turn it into a nominal existence but also are running wild now to unleash a new war of aggression against the northern half of the Republic.

All facts, Major General Pak Jung Guk pointed out, show that it is entirely due to U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea and their aggressive policy that a danger of new war has been created in Korea today; the unification of Korea still remains unrealized and the Korean people are suffering unbearable national misfortunes and tribulations; and the South Korean people are groaning under the miserable condition as today.

It is precisely for this reason that today the entire Korean people in the North and South are waging the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle to drive the U.S. imperialists out of our territory and unify the fatherland, he said.

The withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea is the basic demand of the Armistice Agreement as well as the unanimous demand of the entire Korean people and the peace-loving peoples of the whole world, Major General Pak Jung Guk said and stressed: There is no reason and pretext whatsoever for the U.S. imperialist aggressors continually to remain in South Korea.

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors continue to remain in South Korea and kindle the flame of a new war of aggression, instead of drawing a due lesson from their ignominious defeat they suffered in the past war of aggression in Korea they will get nothing but death, he warned.

Major General Pak Jung Guk stressed: If the U.S. imperialist aggressors do not want their own doom being hastened they must stop at once the reckless war provocation racket and go back to their den without delay taking all the weapons of aggression with them.

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